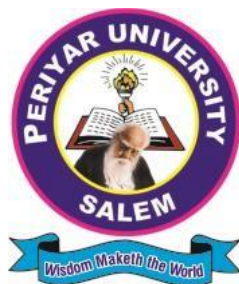


PERIYAR UNIVERSITY
PERIYAR PALKALAI NAGAR,SALEM— 636011



SYLLABUS FOR

B.Sc. Food Technology

**CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM OUTCOME
BASED EDUCATION**

**(For Candidates admitted in the Colleges affiliated to Periyar
University from 2023 - 2024 onwards)**

1. Preamble:

B.Sc. Food Technology curriculum has been structured in compliance with UGC Model curriculum and TANSCHÉ guidelines. Core courses addresses the science of food, food chemistry, food engineering, food processing and food preservation, food safety and quality assurance, food innovation, food packaging, technology of cereals, pulses, oilseeds, fruits, vegetables, egg, milk, fleshy foods, spices and condiments and food entrepreneurship. The programme empowers the capacity of the students as per the job role specific requirements of food industries.

2. Eligibility for Admission

Candidates for admission to the first year of the Degree of B.Sc. Food Technology shall be required to have passed the Higher Secondary Examinations conducted by the Government of Tamil Nadu or any other equivalent examination.

As per Government Order (2020-2021) G.O.(1D) No.110, Higher Education (G1) Department, dated 18.07.2020.

- **General Stream:** Chemistry with Science subjects like Biology/Home Science/Botany and Zoology/Computer Science/Computer Applications/Microbiology/Food Service Management/Nutrition and Dietetics
- **Vocational Stream:** Agriculture/Home Science/Engineering and Technology

3. Eligibility for the Award of the Degree

A candidate shall be eligible for the award of the Degree only if she has undergone the prescribed course of study for a period of not less than three academic years, passed the examinations of all the six semesters prescribed.

4. Examinations

Semester pattern is adopted for examinations. Candidates failing in any course will be permitted to appear for such failed course at subsequent examinations. Examinations for I, III and V semesters will be held in November/ December and for II, IV and VI semesters will be held in April / May month of every year.

Requirement to appear for the examination A candidate shall be permitted to appear for the university examinations for any semester (practical/theory) if he / she secure not less than 75% of attendance in the number of working days during the semester.

5. Passing Minimum

A candidate who secures not less than 40% in the End Semester Examination (ESE) and 40% marks in the ESE and Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) put together in any course of Part I, II, III & IV shall be declared to have passed the

examination in the course (Theory or Practical).

6. Classification of Successful Candidates

Candidates who secure not less than 60% of the aggregate marks in the whole examination shall be declared to have passed the examination in First Class. All other successful candidates shall be declared to have passed in the Second Class. Candidates who obtain 75% of the marks in the aggregate shall be declared to have passed the examination in First Class with Distinction provided they pass all the examinations prescribed for the course at the first appearance. Candidates who pass all the examinations (Part I, II, III & IV) prescribed for the course in the **FIRST APPEARANCE ITSELF ALONE** is eligible for ranking.

7. Maximum Duration for the completion of the programme: The maximum duration for completion of the UG Programme shall not exceed twelve semesters (6 years).

8. Commencement of this Regulation:

These regulations shall take effect from the academic year 2022-2023, i.e. for students who are to be admitted to the first year of the B.Sc.Food Technology programme during the academic year 2022-2023 and thereafter.

9. Pattern of Question Paper (All Courses)

Time : 3 Hours Maximum:75 Marks

Part A : 15 x 1 = 15 (Multiple Choice) (Three questions from each unit) Part

B : 2 x 5 = 10 (Any Two questions) (One question from each unit) Part C : 5 x 10 = 50 (One question from each unit with internal choice)

10. Evaluation Pattern for Continuous Internal Assessment(CIA)

| External Assessment (EA) | Internal Assessment (IA) |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 75 Marks | 25 Marks |

| Component | Time | Total Marks | IA marks |
|---|-------------|--------------------|-----------------|
| Test I | 2 hours | 50 | 10 |
| Test II | 2 hours | 50 | 10 |
| Assignment (minimum 2)/Seminar/Problem based Activity | | 10 | 05 |
| | | Total | 25 |

PASS PERCENTAGE(THEORY)

| | |
|--|-----------------|
| Passing minimum (Internal Assessment) 40% | 10 marks |
| Passing minimum (External Assessment) 40% | 30 marks |
| Total | 40 marks |

B. PRACTICALS

| External Assessment (EA) | Internal Assessment (IA) |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| 60 Marks | 40 Marks |

| Component | Time | Total Marks | IA marks |
|---|---------|-------------|----------|
| Practical Test I | 3 hours | 50 | 15 |
| Practical Test II | 3 hours | 50 | 15 |
| Record / Filled in Manual | | | 05 |
| Attendance / Performance Evaluation of the Experiments during the Conduct of the Course | | | 05 |
| Total | | | 40 |

PROJECT EVALUATION

| External Assessment (EA) | Internal Assessment (IA) |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| 60 Marks | 40 Marks |

PASS PERCENTAGE(practical &project)

| | |
|---|-----------------|
| Passing minimum (Internal Assessment) 40% | 16 marks |
| Passing minimum (External Assessment) 40% | 24 marks |
| Total | 40 marks |

LEARNING OUTCOMES-BASED CURRICULUM FRAMEWORK GUIDELINES BASED REGULATIONS FOR UNDER GRADUATE PROGRAMME

| | |
|------------------------------|--|
| Program me: | B.Sc.Food Technology |
| Program me Code: | UFT |
| Duration: | 3 years [UG] |
| Program me Outcomes : | <p>OPO1: Disciplinary knowledge: Capable of demonstrating comprehensive knowledge and understanding of one or more disciplines that form a part of an undergraduate Programme of study</p> <p>OPO2: Communication Skills: Ability to express thoughts and ideas effectively in writing and orally; Communicate with others using appropriate media; confidently share one's views and express herself/himself; demonstrate the ability to listen carefully, read and write analytically, and present complex information in a clear and concise manner to different groups.</p> <p>OPO3: Critical thinking: Capability to apply analytic thought to a body of knowledge; analyse and evaluate evidence, arguments, claims, beliefs on the basis of empirical evidence; identify relevant assumptions or implications; formulate coherent arguments; critically evaluate practices, policies and</p> |

theories by following scientific approach to knowledge development.

PO4: Problem solving: Capacity to extrapolate from what one has learned and apply their competencies to solve different kinds of non-familiar problems, rather than replicate curriculum content knowledge; and apply one's learning to real life situations.

PO5: Analytical reasoning: Ability to evaluate the reliability and relevance of evidence; identify logical flaws and holes in the arguments of others; analyze and synthesize data from a variety of sources; draw valid conclusions and support them with evidence and examples, and addressing opposing viewpoints.

PO6: Research-related skills: A sense of inquiry and capability for asking relevant/appropriate questions, problem arising, synthesising and articulating; Ability to recognise cause-and-effect relationships, define problems, formulate hypotheses, test hypotheses, analyse, interpret and draw conclusions from data, establish hypotheses, predict cause-and-effect relationships; ability to plan, execute and report the results of an experiment or investigation

PO7: Cooperation/Team work: Ability to work effectively and respectfully with diverse teams; facilitate cooperative or coordinated effort on the part of a group, and act together as a group or a team in the interests of a common cause and work efficiently as a member of a team

PO8: Scientific reasoning: Ability to analyse, interpret and draw conclusions from quantitative/qualitative data; and critically evaluate ideas, evidence and experiences from an open-minded and reasoned perspective.

PO9: Reflective thinking: Critical sensibility to lived experiences, with self awareness and reflexivity of both self and society.

PO10 Information/digital literacy: Capability to use ICT in a variety of learning situations, demonstrate ability to access, evaluate, and use a variety of relevant information sources; and use appropriate software for analysis of data.

PO 11 Self-directed learning: Ability to work independently, identify appropriate resources required for a project, and manage a project through to completion.

PO 12 Multicultural competence: Possess knowledge of the values and beliefs of multiple cultures and a global perspective; and capability to effectively engage in a multicultural society and interact respectfully with diverse groups.

PO 13: Moral and ethical awareness/reasoning: Ability to embrace moral/ethical values in conducting one's life, formulate a position/argument about an ethical issue from multiple perspectives, and use ethical practices in all work. Capable of demonstrating the ability to identify ethical issues related to one's work, avoid unethical behaviour such as fabrication, falsification or misrepresentation of data or committing plagiarism, not adhering to intellectual property rights; appreciating environmental and sustainability issues; and adopting objective, unbiased and truthful actions in all aspects of work.

| | |
|--|--|
| | <p>PO 14: Leadership readiness/qualities: Capability for mapping out the tasks of a team or an organization, and setting direction, formulating an inspiring vision, building a team who can help achieve the vision, motivating and inspiring team members to engage with that vision, and using management skills to guide people to the right destination, in a smooth and efficient way.</p> <p>PO 15: Lifelong learning: Ability to acquire knowledge and skills, including „learning how to learn“, that are necessary for participating in learning activities throughout life, through self-paced and self-directed learning aimed at personal development, meeting economic, social and cultural objectives, and adapting to changing trades and demands of work place through knowledge/skill development/reskilling.</p> |
| <p>Programme Specific Outcomes:</p> | <p>PSO1 – Placement: To prepare the students who will demonstrate respectful engagement with others’ ideas, behaviors, beliefs and apply diverse frames of reference to decisions and actions.</p> <p>PSO 2 - Entrepreneur: To create effective entrepreneurs by enhancing their critical thinking, problem solving, decision making and leadership skill that will facilitate startups and high potential organizations</p> <p>PSO3 – Research and Development: Design and implement HR systems and practices grounded in research that comply with employment laws, leading the organization towards growth and development.</p> <p>PSO4 – Contribution to Business World: To produce employable, ethical and innovative professionals to sustain in the dynamic business world.</p> <p>PSO 5 – Contribution to the Society: To contribute to the development of the society by collaborating with stakeholders for mutual benefit</p> |

**Choice Based Credit System (CBCS), Learning Outcomes Based Curriculum Framework
(LOCF) Guideline Based Credit and Hours Distribution System
for all UG courses including Lab Hours**

First Year – Semester-I

| Part | List of Courses | Credit | No. of Hours |
|-------------|--|---------------|---------------------|
| Part-1 | Language – Tamil | 3 | 6 |
| Part-2 | English | 3 | 6 |
| Part-3 | Core Courses & Elective Courses [in Total] | 13 | 14 |
| Part-4 | Skill Enhancement Course SEC-1 | 2 | 2 |
| | Foundation Course | 2 | 2 |
| | | 23 | 30 |

Semester-II

| Part | List of Courses | Credit | No. of Hours |
|-------------|---|---------------|---------------------|
| Part-1 | Language – Tamil | 3 | 6 |
| Part-2 | English | 3 | 6 |
| Part-3 | Core Courses & Elective Courses including laboratory [in Total] | 13 | 14 |
| Part-4 | Skill Enhancement Course -SEC-2 | 2 | 2 |
| | Skill Enhancement Course -SEC-3 (Discipline / Subject Specific) | 2 | 2 |
| | | 23 | 30 |

Second Year – Semester-III

| Part | List of Courses | Credit | No. of Hours |
|-------------|---|---------------|---------------------|
| Part-1 | Language - Tamil | 3 | 6 |
| Part-2 | English | 3 | 6 |
| Part-3 | Core Courses & Elective Courses including laboratory [in Total] | 13 | 14 |
| Part-4 | Skill Enhancement Course -SEC-4 (Entrepreneurial Based) | 1 | 1 |
| | Skill Enhancement Course -SEC-5 (Discipline / Subject Specific) | 2 | 2 |
| | E.V.S | - | 1 |
| | | 22 | 30 |

Semester-IV

| Part | List of Courses | Credit | No. of Hours |
|--------|---|-----------|--------------|
| Part-1 | Language - Tamil | 3 | 6 |
| Part-2 | English | 3 | 6 |
| Part-3 | Core Courses & Elective Courses including laboratory [in Total] | 13 | 13 |
| Part-4 | Skill Enhancement Course -SEC-6 (Discipline / Subject Specific) | 2 | 2 |
| | Skill Enhancement Course -SEC-7 (Discipline / Subject Specific) | 2 | 2 |
| | E.V.S | 2 | 1 |
| | | 25 | 30 |

Third Year Semester-V

| Part | List of Courses | Credit | No. of Hours |
|--------|---|-----------|--------------|
| Part-3 | Core Courses including Project / Elective Based | 22 | 26 |
| Part-4 | Value Education | 2 | 2 |
| | Internship / Industrial Visit / Field Visit | 2 | 2 |
| | | 26 | 30 |

Semester-VI

| Part | List of Courses | Credit | No. of Hours |
|--------|---|-----------|--------------|
| Part-3 | Core Courses including Project / Elective Based & LAB | 18 | 28 |
| Part-4 | Extension Activity | 1 | - |
| | Professional Competency Skill | 2 | 2 |
| | | 21 | 30 |

Consolidated Semester wise and Component wise Credit distribution

| Parts | Sem I | Sem II | Sem III | Sem IV | Sem V | Sem VI | Total Credits |
|-----------------|-------|--------|---------|--------|-------|--------|---------------|
| Part I | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | - | - | 12 |
| Part II | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | - | - | 12 |
| Part III | 13 | 13 | 13 | 13 | 22 | 18 | 92 |
| Part IV | 4 | 4 | 3 | 6 | 4 | 2 | 23 |
| Part V | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | 01 |
| Total | 23 | 23 | 22 | 25 | 26 | 21 | 140 |

Part I, II, and Part III components will be separately taken into account for CGPA calculation and classification for the under graduate programme and the other components. IV, V have to be completed during the duration of the programme as per the norms, to be eligible for obtaining the UG degree.

B.Sc. Nutrition and Dietetics (Semester Wise Structure)
FIRST YEAR

| Part | Semester I | Course Name | Credit | Hours | Internal | External | Total |
|------|---------------|--|-----------|-----------|------------|------------|------------|
| I | Language | Tamil/ /Other Languages | 3 | 6 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| II | Language | English | 3 | 6 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| III | Core Course1 | Fundamentals of Food science and chemistry | 5 | 5 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| III | Core Course 2 | Fundamentals of Food science and chemistry Practical | 4 | 3 | 40 | 60 | 100 |
| III | Allied1 | Chemistry for Biological Sciences I | 3 | 4 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| III | Allied 2 | Chemistry Practical I | 1 | 2 | 40 | 60 | 100 |
| IV | NMEC | Food Preservation(other departments) | 2 | 2 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| IV | FC | Foundation of Entrepreneurship | 2 | 2 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| | | | 23 | 30 | 230 | 570 | 800 |

| Part | Semester II | Course Name | Credit | Hours | Internal | External | Total |
|------|---------------|---|-----------|-----------|------------|------------|------------|
| I | Language | Tamil/ Other Languages | 3 | 6 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| II | Language | English | 3 | 6 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| III | Core Course 3 | Fundamental of Food Technology | 5 | 5 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| III | Core Course 4 | Fundamental of Food Technology Practical | 4 | 3 | 40 | 60 | 100 |
| III | Allied 3 | Chemistry for Biological Sciences II | 3 | 4 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| III | Allied 4 | Chemistry Practical II | 1 | 2 | 40 | 60 | 100 |
| IV | NMEC | Food Packaging Technology (other departments) | 2 | 2 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| IV | SEC1 | Food Additives | 2 | 2 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| | | | 23 | 30 | 230 | 570 | 800 |

SECOND YEAR

| Part | Semester III | Course Name | Credit | Hours | Internal | External | Total |
|------|---------------|---|-----------|-----------|------------|------------|------------|
| I | Language | Tamil/ Other Languages | 3 | 6 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| II | Language | English | 3 | 6 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| III | Core Course 5 | Technology of Food Preservation | 4 | 4 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| III | Core Course 6 | Technology of Food Preservation Practical | 4 | 3 | 40 | 60 | 100 |
| III | Allied 5 | Food Microbiology | 3 | 3 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| III | Allied 6 | Food Microbiology Practical | 2 | 3 | 40 | 60 | 100 |
| IV | SEC 2 | Bakery and Confectionery | 1 | 2 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| IV | SEC 3 | Bakery and Confectionery Practical | 2 | 2 | 40 | 60 | 100 |
| IV | E.V.S | Environmental Studies | - | 1 | - | - | - |
| | | | 22 | 30 | 245 | 555 | 800 |

| Part | Semester IV | Course Name | Credit | Hours | Internal | External | Total |
|------|---------------|------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|------------|------------|------------|
| I | Language | Tamil/ Other Languages | 3 | 6 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| II | Language | English | 3 | 6 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| III | Core Course 7 | Post-Harvest Engineering | 4 | 4 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| III | Core Course 8 | Post-Harvest Engineering Practical | 4 | 3 | 40 | 60 | 100 |
| III | Allied 7 | Food and Nutrition | 3 | 3 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| III | Allied 8 | Food and Nutrition Practical | 2 | 3 | 40 | 60 | 100 |
| IV | SEC 4 | Food Product Development | 2 | 2 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| IV | SEC 5 | Food Product Development Practical | 2 | 2 | 40 | 60 | 100 |
| IV | E.V.S | Environmental Studies | 2 | 1 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| | | | 25 | 30 | 270 | 630 | 900 |

*Internship -15 days (summer vacation)

THIRD YEAR

| Part | Semester V | Course Name | Credit | Hours | Internal | External | Total |
|------|------------------|--|-----------|-----------|------------|------------|------------|
| III | Core Course 9 | Processing Technology of Legumes and Oilseeds | 4 | 6 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| III | Core Course 10 | Processing Technology of Cereals | 4 | 5 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| III | Core Course 11 | Processing Technology of Cereals Practical | 3 | 3 | 40 | 60 | 100 |
| III | Core Course 12 | Food Plant Sanitation | 4 | 5 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| III | Project | Project Viva-Voce | 4 | 4 | 40 | 60 | 100 |
| III | Elective Course1 | Nutraceuticals and Functional Foods | 3 | 5 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| IV | Internship | Summer vacation at the end of IV semester activity | 2 | - | - | - | - |
| IV | VE | Value Education | 2 | 2 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| | | | 26 | 30 | 245 | 555 | 800 |

| Part | Semester VI | Course Name | Credit | Hours | Internal | External | Total |
|------|------------------|--|-----------|-----------|------------|------------|------------|
| III | Core Course 13 | Processing Technology of Spices, Fruits and Vegetables | 4 | 5 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| III | Core Course 14 | Processing Technology of Dairy and Sea food | 4 | 6 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| III | Core Course 15 | Processing Technology of Dairy and Sea food Practical | 1 | 3 | 40 | 60 | 100 |
| III | Core Course 16 | Processing Technology of meat, poultry and eggs | 3 | 5 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| III | Elective Course2 | Food Safety and Quality | 3 | 4 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| III | Elective Course3 | Marketing Management | 3 | 4 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| IV | SEC 6 | Basics in Research Methodology | 2 | 3 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| V | EA | Extension activity | 1 | - | - | - | - |
| | | | 21 | 30 | 190 | 510 | 700 |

SEMESTER I
Part III: CORE I – Fundamentals of Food Science and Chemistry

| Unit/Module | Intended Learning Chapters | CO(s) Mapped |
|-------------|--|--------------|
| I | a. Concept of food and nutrients b. Colloidal System in foods- <i>Types & Properties, Sols, Gels, Emulsion and Foams –nature and factors influencing its formation and stability, application of colloidal chemistry to food preparation</i> c. Cooking of food - <i>cooking methods and principles and effect of cooking on constituents of food</i> | CO1 |
| II | a. Water – <i>chemistry, physical properties, free, bound and entrapped water, water activity in food, moisture sorption isotherm of a food, water quality for food processing- drinking water, mineral water and potable water</i> b. Carbohydrates – <i>types of carbohydrates in food, chemical structure, physio-chemical and functional properties, types of starch, resistant starch; role of food carbohydrate/starch in cookery</i> | CO2 |
| III | a. Proteins – <i>classification/types, chemistry and nature of proteins in food, physio-chemical and functional properties of food proteins, role of food proteins in cookery</i> b. Lipids – <i>classification/types of lipids, types of fats and oils in food, chemistry and nature of fats and oils in food, physio-chemical and functional properties of fats and oils in food, role of fats and oils in cookery</i> | CO3 |
| IV | a. Vitamins - <i>classification/types, chemistry and nature of vitamins in food, physio-chemical and functional properties of vitamins in food, effect of cooking on vitamins, pseudo vitamins in food</i> b. Minerals - <i>classification/types, chemistry and nature of minerals in food, physio-chemical and functional properties of minerals in food, effect of cooking on minerals in food</i> | CO4 |
| V | a. Colours/Pigments - <i>classification/types, chemistry and nature of colours/pigments in food, effect of cooking on colours/pigments in food</i> b. Flavours - <i>classification/types, chemistry and nature of flavours in food, effect of cooking on flavours in food</i> c. Enzymes - <i>classification/types, chemistry and nature of enzymes in food, effect of cooking on enzymes in food, enzymatic and non-enzymatic browning reaction in food</i> d. Phytochemicals - <i>classification/types, chemistry and nature of phytochemicals in food, effect of cooking on phytochemicals in food</i> | CO5 |

COURSE OUTCOMES

| | |
|---|---|
| On completion of the course, the students will be able to | |
| CO1 | Define the chemical constituents and colloidal nature of food |
| CO2 | Explain the nature of water and carbohydrates in food |
| CO3 | Enshrine the scientific principles of food proteins and lipids |
| CO4 | Appraise the nature of vitamins and pseudo vitamins in food |
| CO5 | Enumerate the chemistry and types of macro and micro minerals in food |

REFENCES

| TEXTBOOKS | |
|-----------------|---|
| 1 | John M. deMan., John W. Finley., W. Jeffrey Hurst., Chang Yong Lee., (auth.) (2018), Principles of Food Chemistry, 4 th Ed., AN ASPEN Publications, Maryland, Springer |
| 2 | Fennema, Owen R. (1996), Food Chemistry, 3 rd Ed., Marcel Dekker, New York |
| 3 | Norman N. Potter and Joseph H. Hotchkiss, (1998), Food Science, 5 th Ed., Springer |
| 4 | H.-D. Belitz., W. Grosch., P. Schieberle., (2009), Food Chemistry, 4 th and revised Ed., Springer-VerlagBerlinHeidelberg |
| 5 | Jan Velisek, (2014), The Chemistry of Food, Wiley Blackwell |
| REFERENCE BOOKS | |
| 1 | Joseph J. Provost., Keri L.Colabroy., Brenda S. Kelly., Mark A. Wallert. (2016), The Science of Cooking: Understanding the Biology and Chemistry behind Food and Cooking, Wiley Blackwell |
| 4 | Peter Chi Keung Cheung &Bhavbhuti M. Mehta (eds.). (2015), Handbook of Food Chemistry, Springer Reference |

| | |
|-------------------------------|---|
| 5 | B.Sunitha and R.Aruna, Food Chemistry of Macronutrients, Department of Food Chemistry and Nutrition Study Material, Acharya NGRanga Agricultural University College of Food Science & Technology, Bapatla |
| 6 | Y. H. Hui and Associate Editors, (2006), Handbook of Food Science, Technology and Engineering, Vol.I to IV, Taylor and Francis (CRC) |
| JOURNALS AND DOCUMENTS | |
| 1 | Food Chemistry, Springer |
| 2 | Cereal Chemistry, Springer |
| 3 | The Journal of Food Science and Technology, Springer |

Part III: CORE I PRACTICAL – Fundamentals of Food Science and Chemistry Practical

| Unit/Module | Intended Learning Exercises | CO(s) Mapped |
|-------------|--|--------------|
| I | 1. Identify the type of colloidal solution and describe on it 2. Tabulate the SOP for different cooking methods by integrating nature of ingredients, technique and method | CO1 |
| II | 1. Differentiate the type of water as per quality parameter 2. Identify the type of starch and sugar through qualitative tests and microscopic examination in various food | CO2 |
| III | 1. Determine the protein content of food by micro kjeldahl method 2. Experiment the nature of protein denaturation on cooking and processing of milk and egg 3. Determine the total fat content of food using soxhlet apparatus 4. Determine the FFA, Iodine number and saponification value of fresh fats and oils | CO3 |
| IV | 1. Determine the Beta Carotene and vitamin C content of the fresh and processed fruits and vegetables 2. Determine the calcium and iron content of the fresh and processed fruits and vegetables | CO4 |
| V | 1. Demonstrate the effect of cooking on colours/pigments in food 2. Determine the browning index of fruits and vegetables and define its nature of browning | CO5 |

COURSE OUTCOMES

| | |
|---|--|
| On completion of the course, the students will be able to | |
| CO1 | Differentiate different types of solution and methods of cooking food |
| CO2 | Analyse the role of water and carbohydrates in cooking and processing of food |
| CO3 | Determine the type and role of protein and lipid in raw and cooked food |
| CO4 | Evaluate the nature of vitamins and pseudo vitamins in raw and cooked food |
| CO5 | Catalogue the chemistry and types of macro and micro minerals in raw and cooked food |

REFERENCES

| | |
|------------------------|--|
| TEXTBOOKS | |
| 1 | Connie M. Weaver and James R. Daniel, (2003), The Food Chemistry Laboratory: A Manual for Experimental Foods, Dietetics, and Food Scientists, Second Edition (Contemporary Food Science), Second Edition, CRC Press. |
| 2 | Shalini Sehgal, (2016), A Laboratory Manual of Food Analysis, ikbooks.com. |
| 3 | Mohini Sethi and Eram S. Rao, (2020), e-book edition, Food Science: Experiments and Applications, CBS Publishers and Distributors Pvt. Ltd. |
| REFERENCE BOOKS | |
| 1 | Joseph J. Provost., Keri L. Colabroy., Brenda S. Kelly., Mark A. Wallert. (2016), The Science of Cooking: Understanding the Biology and Chemistry behind Food and Cooking, Wiley Blackwell. |
| 2 | M.S. Swaminathan, (1987), Food Science, Chemistry and Experimental Foods, Second edition, Bangalore Print. & Pub. Co., Bangalore. |
| 3 | Mississippi State University Extension, (2019), Revised by Courtney Crist, M. W. Schilling, Viodelda Jackson, and J.B. Williams, Experiments in Food Science Laboratory Manual. |

Part IV NME –Food preservation(other majors)

| Unit/Module | Intended Learning Chapters | CO(s) Mapped |
|-------------|---|-----------------|
| I | Introduction to Food Preservation Food Spoilage - Definition, causes, microorganisms involved in spoilage of bread, fruits and vegetables, meat, fish, egg, milk, juices and pickles. Classification of foods based on shelf life Food preservation - Definition, principles and importance, classification – bactericidal and bacteriostatic methods. | CO1 |
| II | Preservation by high temperature Methods used- blanching, pasteurization, sterilization, UHT processing, canning, extraction cooking, dielectric heating, Dehydration. | CO2 |
| III | Preservation by low temperature Methods commonly used- refrigeration, freezing, dehydro-freezing-advantages and limitations | CO3 |
| IV | Preservation by drying and non- thermal treatments Preservation by drying, concentration and evaporation: Sun drying, tray or tunnel drying, spray drying, drum drying, freeze drying, fluidized bed drying; advantages and disadvantages. | CO4 |
| V | Preservation by other methods and Food packaging Preservation by addition of sugar, salt, chemicals, smoking, irradiation Food additives used in preservation: Definition, types and functions, and safety aspects; permissible limits of preservatives in fruit and vegetable products. Food packaging- types, advantages and disadvantages; Food labeling- types and nutritional information | CO5 |

COURSE OUTCOMES

After successful completion of the course the student will be able to:

| CO's | Description |
|------|---|
| CO1 | Describe the role of microorganisms in food spoilage, principles and importance of food preservation. |
| CO2 | Classify the different food preservation methods and foods based on shelf life |
| CO3 | Apply the various techniques of food preservation to preserve different foods and increase the shelf life |
| CO4 | Evaluate the uses of various food preservation methods and explain the role of packaging in food processing |
| CO5 | Justify the use of various preservation techniques, natural and chemical food additives used for preservation, food labeling and food packaging materials |

REFERENCES:

1. Arthey D and Ashurst, P.R (1996), Fruit processing, Blackie academic and professional. London.
2. Fellows, P.J (2016): Food Processing Technology: Principles and Practice, 2nd edition, CRC Wood head publishing Ltd, Cambridge.
3. Gould. G.W (1995), New methods of food preservation. Blackie academic and professional. London.
4. Manay S and Shadaksharaswamy M (2008) Food Facts and Principles, New Age International Publishers, New Delhi.

5. Rahman M S (2020) Handbook of Food Preservation CRC Press, USA
6. Srilakshmi B (2017) Food Science, New Age International Publications, New Delhi.
7. Suganthi.V and Subaratinam.R (2021) Textbook on Food preservation, DiptiPress(OPC) Pvt. Ltd, Chennai.

e- learning resources

- <https://www.sciencedirect.com/topics/agricultural-and-biological-sciences/food-spoilage>.
- <http://ecoursesonline.iasri.res.in/mod/page/view.php?id=111436>
- <http://ecoursesonline.iasri.res.in/mod/page/view.php?id=111435>
- <http://www.homepreservingbible.com/2247-an-introduction-to-the-drying-food-preservation-method/>
- <https://egyankosh.ac.in/bitstream/123456789/12397/1/Unit-15.pdf>

Part IV FC – Foundations of Entrepreneurship

| Unit/Module | Intended Learning Exercises | CO(s) Mapped |
|-------------|---|--------------|
| I | Entrepreneur and Entrepreneurship - Concept of entrepreneurship, Definition of entrepreneur and entrepreneurship, Objectives of entrepreneurship, Characteristics of entrepreneurship, Qualities of an entrepreneur, Functions of an entrepreneur, Types of entrepreneurs, Problems of an entrepreneur especially women. | CO1 |
| II | Small enterprises - Definition, characteristics, Relationship between small and large units. Role of Small enterprises in economic development, and problems of small-scale industries. Subsidies and incentives. Role of MSMEs | CO2 |
| III | Entrepreneurs as problem solvers Innovations and Entrepreneurial Ventures – Global and Indian Role of Technology – E-commerce and Social Media Social Entrepreneurship – Concept | CO3 |
| IV | Project report - Meaning, significance, Elements of project formulation, planning, commission, guidelines for project report. Formulation of project Creating and Starting the Venture Sources of new Ideas, Methods of generating ideas, creating problem solving, product planning and development process | CO4 |
| V | Institutional Finance to Entrepreneurs - Commercial Banks, Other Financial Institutions- SIDBI, SISI, SIPCOT, IFCI, ICICI, IRBI, DIC, SFCs and NABARD | CO5 |

COURSE OUTCOMES

After successful completion of the course the student will be able to

| CO's | Description |
|------|---|
| CO1 | Describe the concept of entrepreneur and entrepreneurship |
| CO2 | Understand the problems of entrepreneurs. |
| CO3 | Analyze the role of small enterprises in economic development |
| CO4 | Identify and compare the financial institutions offering finance to entrepreneurs |
| CO5 | Create project report for starting a small-scale enterprise |

REFERENCES

1. B. Jankiraman, P.V. Raveendra, V.K. Srirama (2010). Role and Challenges of Entrepreneurship Development, Excel Books Publishers
2. Dr. Jayshree Suresh (2012) Entrepreneurial Development, Margham Publications
3. S S Khanka (2011) Entrepreneurial development, S Chand, and company
4. Sunil Gupta, (2018), Small-Scale Industries and Entrepreneurship, ABD Publishers
5. T N Chhabra (2019), Entrepreneurship Development, Sun India Publications
6. Taneja, S. and Gupta, S.L. (1992). Entrepreneurship Development, New Venture Creation, Galgotia Publishing Company, Newage international.

E-LEARNING RESOURCES

- <http://www.simplynotes.in/e-notes/mbabba/entrepreneurship-development/>
- https://www.iare.ac.in/sites/default/files/lecture_notes/IARE_Entrepreneurial_Development_NOTES.pdf
- <https://ncert.nic.in/ncerts/l/lebs213.pdf>
- https://www.researchgate.net/publication/344413560_Small_Scale_Industries_in_Entrepreneurship_Development_of_India_References
- <https://egyankosh.ac.in/bitstream/123456789/52149/1/Unit-1.pdf>

Semester II Syllabus

| Title of the Course | | FUNDAMENTALS OF FOODTECHNOLOGY | | | | |
|---------------------|----------|--------------------------------|-------|-------|----------|-------|
| PART III | Year | Credits | Hours | Marks | | |
| | I | | | CIA | External | Total |
| | Semester | | | | | |
| Core course2 | II | 5 | 5 | 25 | 75 | 100 |

Learning Objectives

To enable the students to:

- To understand the history and evolution of food processing.
- To study the structure, composition, nutritional quality and post harvest changes of various plant foods.
- To study the structure and composition of various animal foods.

UNIT I

Introduction, Historical evolution of food processing technology.

Cereals and Millets -Structure and composition of cereals

Wheat-structure and composition, types (hard, soft/strong, weak) Diagrammatic representation of longitudinal structure of wheat grain.

Malting, gelatinization of starch, types of browning- Maillard & caramelization.

Rice-structure and composition, parboiling of rice- advantages and disadvantages.

UNIT II

Pulses

Structure and composition of pulses, toxic constituents in pulses, processing of pulses-soaking, germination, decortications, cooking and fermentation.

Fats and Oils

Classification of lipids, types of fatty acids - saturated fatty acids, unsaturated fatty acids, essential fatty acids, trans fatty acids.

Refining of oils, types-steam refining, alkali refining, bleaching, steam deodorization, hydrogenation.

Rancidity–Types- hydrolytic and oxidative rancidity and its prevention.

UNIT III

Fruits and Vegetables

Classification of fruits and vegetables, general composition, enzymatic browning, names and sources of pigments, Dietary fibre.

Postharvest changes in fruits and vegetables–Climacteric rise, horticultural maturity, physiological maturity, physiological changes, physical changes, chemical changes, pathological changes during the storage of fruits and vegetables.

UNIT IV

Meat, Fish, Poultry

Meat - Definition of carcass, concept of red meat and white meat, composition of meat, marbling, post-mortem changes in meat- rigor mortis, tenderization of meat, ageing of meat.

Fish - Classification of fish (fresh water and marine), aquaculture , composition of

fish, characteristics of fresh fish, spoilage of fish- microbiological, physiological, biochemical.

Poultry - Structure of hen's egg, composition and nutritive value, egg proteins, characteristics of fresh egg, deterioration of egg quality, difference between broiler and layers.

UNIT V

Milk and Milk Products

Definition of milk, chemical composition of milk, its constituents, processing of milk, pasteurization, homogenization. Factors Affecting the Composition of Milk, Flavours and off- Flavours related to milk ,types of market milk and milk products.

REFERENCES

1. Bawa.A.S,O.PChauhanetal.FoodScience.NewIndiaPublishing agency,2013
2. Roday,S .Food Science,Oxford publication,2011.
3. B.Srilakshmi,Foodscience,NewAgePublishers,2002
4. Meyer,FoodChemistry,NewAge,2004
5. DeSukumar.,Outlines ofDairy Technology,Oxford UniversityPress,2007

On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to

| CO | Course Outcomes |
|-----|---|
| CO1 | To outline the various processing techniques in the development of cereal and cereal products |
| CO2 | To recognise the structure, nutritional composition, procurement techniques, processing operations of pulses and oil |
| CO3 | To outline the various processing techniques in the development of fruits and vegetables |
| CO4 | To determine the various processing techniques in the preparation of different dairy and meat products baked and sugar related goods. |
| CO5 | To identify the role of raw materials in the production of dairy |

MAPPING (CO/PSO):

| CO/PSO | PSO1 | PSO2 | PSO3 | PSO4 | PSO5 |
|---------|------|------|------|------|------|
| CO1 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 |
| CO2 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 |
| CO3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 |
| CO4 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 |
| CO5 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 |
| Average | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 |

| Title of the Course | | FUNDAMENTALS OF FOOD TECHNOLOGY PRACTICAL | | | | |
|---------------------|----------|---|-------|-------|----------|-------|
| PART III | Year | Credits | Hours | Marks | | |
| | I | | | CIA | External | Total |
| | Semester | | | | | |
| Core course3 | II | 3 | 3 | 40 | 60 | 100 |

1. Study different types of browning reactions :enzymatic and nonenzymatic.
2. To study gelatinization behavior of various starches
3. To study the concept of gluten formation of various flours.
4. To study malting and germination.
5. To study dextrinization in foods.
6. Identification of pigments in fruits and vegetables and influence of pH on them.
7. Quality inspection of animal foods.
8. Estimation of reducing sugar by Fehlings procedure
9. Estimation of salt content in brine
10. Estimation of salt content in butter
11. Preparation of brix solution and checking by hand refractometer
12. Determination of acidity of water
13. Determination of alkalinity/hardness of water

REFERENCES

1. Bawa.A.S,O.PChauhanetal.FoodScience.NewIndiaPublishingagency,2013
2. Roday,S.FoodScience,Oxfordpublication,2011.
3. B.Srilakshmi,Foodsience,NewAgePublishers,2002
4. Meyer,FoodChemistry,NewAge,2004
5. DeSukumar.,Outlines ofDairy Technology,Oxford UniversityPress,2007

| Title of the Course | | FOOD PACKAGING TECHNOLOGY | | | | |
|---------------------|----------|---------------------------|-------|-------|----------|-------|
| PART IV | Year | Credits | Hours | Marks | | |
| | I | | | CIA | External | Total |
| | Semester | | | | | |
| *NMEC2 | II | 2 | 2 | 25 | 75 | 100 |

*other departments

Learning Objectives

To enable the students to:

- Describe the functions of packaging along with the influence of various factors on food.
- Explain the various factors of different packaging materials include metallic cans and glass
- State the types, production and applications of paper, paperboards and polymers in food packaging

UNIT I

Introduction to Food Packaging

Functions of packaging, Effect of environmental factors - light, Oxygen, Moisture, Temperature, mechanical forces and biological factors on quality of food. Estimation of shelf life. General Approach, analysis of storage requirement, accelerated storage studies: Vacuum and Inert Gas Packaging: Tests on packaging materials, Mechanical strength (Tension, notch and tearing strengths), Gas and water vapour transmission rates.

UNIT II

Metal cans as Packaging

Metallic can types - Tin cans and Aluminum cans. Specialty of Open top sanitary cans, Lacquers and their use, Three piece cans and Two piece cans, Aerosol Cans, Basics of Canning operations – Can Reformer, Flanger, Seaming, Can closures. Glass jars and Bottles in food packaging, Design features and applications, Sterilization of bottles.

UNIT III

Flexible Films Packaging

Formation of Films and pouches, Plastics used and their Specific applications - Polyethylene (LDPE and HDPE), Cellulose, Polypropylene (PP), Polyesters, Polyvinylidene Chloride (PVDC - Diofan, Ixan and Saran), Polyvinyl chloride, Copolymers their applications. Co-extruded films and Laminates. Rigid and Semi rigid plastic packaging – fabrication methods
– Thermo forming, Blow moulding, Injection moulding, Extrusion – Retort pouch packaging. Laminated Paper board Cartons, Fibre Board and Corrugated Card Board packaging and their applications.

UNIT IV

Filling and sealing operations for various types of packages

Closing and sealing of rigid plastic containers. Filling and sealing of Flexible plastic containers, Seal types-Bead seals, Lap Seals and Fin seals –Differences and advantages, Hot wire sealing, hot bar sealing and impulse sealing – differences and relative advantages, Form fill Seal equipment: Printing on packages, Bar codes, Nutrition labeling and legislative requirements. Filling and Sealing of pouches,

pouch from fill seal machines.

UNIT V

Innovations in food packaging

Aseptic Packaging. Active packaging, Moisture control, CO₂ and Oxygen scavenging. Modified atmosphere packaging – principles, applications. Permeability of gases in packs. Antimicrobial Packaging, Edible packaging films and coating. Packaging for non-thermal food processing. Intelligent Packaging – Time-temperature indicators, RFID, Tamper evident packaging.

REFERENCES

1. Coles R and Kirwan J. Food and Beverage Packaging Technology. Wiley-Blackwell Publishing. 2nd Edition, 2011.
2. Coles, R., Dowell, D.M., Kirwan, J. Food Packaging Technology, Black Well Publishing Ltd, 2009.
3. Gordon L. Robertson. Food Packaging Principles & Practice. CRC Press, 2016.
4. Kit L Yam and Dong Sun Lee. Emerging Food Packaging Technologies: Principles and Practice. Wood head Publishing Ltd, 2012.
5. Jung H. Han. Innovations in Food Packaging. Biogreen Elsevier India, 2nd Edition, 2016.

On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to

| CO No. | CO Statement |
|--------|---|
| CO1 | Discuss the need and functions of packaging as a solution to various factors affecting food. |
| CO2 | Estimate the shelf life of food packed in different types of packaging materials |
| CO3 | Explain the different packaging materials, their manufacturing process and equipment involved |
| CO4 | Compile the various closures and sealing mechanisms for different packaging materials |
| CO5 | Select the different printing and labeling methods with legislative requirements |

MAPPING (CO/PSO):

| CO/PSO | PSO1 | PSO2 | PSO3 | PSO4 | PSO5 | PSO6 |
|---------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| CO1 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 3 |
| CO2 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 3 |
| CO3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 3 |
| CO4 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 3 |
| CO5 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 3 |
| Average | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 3 |

| Title of the Course | | FOOD ADDITIVES | | | | |
|---------------------|----------|----------------|-------|-------|----------|-------|
| PART IV | Year | Credits | Hours | Marks | | |
| | I | | | CIA | External | Total |
| | Semester | | | | | |
| SECI | II | 2 | 2 | 25 | 75 | 100 |

Learning Objectives

To enable the students to:

- To teach various types of food additives
- To recognize the type of additive added to a food by reading the label on the packaging of the food.

UNIT I

Introduction: Introduction to Food Additives; Scope of food additives; Functions and uses of Food Additives; Classification- Intentional & Unintentional Food additives; Types of food additives Toxicology and Safety Evaluation of Food Additives: Effects of Food Additives; Food Additives generally recognized as safe (GRAS); Tolerance levels & Toxic levels in Foods; Legal safeguard; Risks of food additives.

UNIT II

Naturally occurring food additives: Classification; Health Implications; Role in Foods Acidulants: Introduction; Different acidulants; Role in food processing Food colorants: Introduction; Natural & Synthetic food colorants; Classification of Food colorants; Chemical nature; Impact on health.

UNIT III

Pigments: Importance; Classification: Utilization as food colour .Food Preservatives : Introduction; Classification- Natural & chemical preservatives, Mode of action.

UNIT IV

Antioxidants & chelating agents: Introduction; Role in foods; Types of antioxidants -natural & synthetic; Mode of action of antioxidants in foods; Chelating agents- Naturally & synthetic; Mode of action of chelating agents; Applications of antioxidants and chelating .

UNIT V

Sweeteners: Introduction; Classification- Artificial sweeteners & Nonnutritive sweeteners. Classification of flavors- natural & synthetic; Flavor enhancer/ Potentiation; Importance of taste and flavours; Role of flavoring agents in food processing.

REFERENCES:

1. Food Additives A Larry Branen, P Michael Davidson and Seppo Salminen CRC Book Press. USA.
2. Food Additives S.N. Mahindru APH Publishing Corporation, Drya Ganj,

New Delhi.

3. Food colours, Flavours and Additives Technology Handbook NIIR Board of Consultants and Engineers National Institute of Industrial Research, Kamla Nagar, Delhi

4. Food chemistry H.D. Belitz, W. Grosh and P. Schieberle 4 th Revised & Extended Edition, Springer.

On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to

| CO No. | CO Statement |
|---------------|--|
| CO1 | To understand and recall the definitions and principles of food additives. |
| CO2 | To analyse the presence of food preservatives, food colours, emulsifiers, food additives and toxic compounds present in food. |
| CO3 | To illustrate the characteristics of food preservatives, flavouring agents, flavour enhancers and their impacts during processing. |
| CO4 | To outline the importance and toxicity of preservatives, |
| CO5 | To explain the role of food additives, chelating agents, leavening agents, and food adulterants. |

MAPPING (CO/PSO):

| CO/PSO | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 | PSO 4 | PSO 5 |
|----------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| CO1 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 |
| CO2 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 |
| CO3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 |
| CO4 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 |
| CO5 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 |
| Average | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 |

SECOND YEAR -SESESTER III

| Title of the Course | | TECHNOLOGY OF FOOD PRESERVATION | | | | |
|---------------------|----------|---------------------------------|-------|-------|----------|-------|
| PART III | Year | Credits | Hours | Marks | | |
| | II | | | CIA | External | Total |
| | Semester | | | | | |
| Core Course 5 | III | 4 | 4 | 25 | 75 | 100 |

Learning Objectives

To enable the students to:

- To learn science behind various preservation/processing technologies.
- Technological application of concepts on conventional Indian foods.

UNIT I

Introduction

Principles of Food Preservation, microorganisms associated with foods- bacteria, yeast and mold, Importance of bacteria, yeast and molds in foods. Classification of microorganisms based on temperature, pH, water activity, nutrient and oxygen requirements, typical growth curve of micro-organisms. Classification of food based on pH, Food infection, food intoxication, definition of shelf life, perishable foods, semi perishable foods, shelf stable foods.

UNIT II

Food Preservation by Low temperature

Freezing and Refrigeration: Introduction to refrigeration, cool storage and freezing, definition, principle of freezing, freezing curve, changes occurring during freezing, types of freezing i.e. slow freezing, quick freezing, introduction to thawing, changes during thawing and its effect on food.

UNIT III

Food Preservation by high temperature

Thermal Processing- Commercial heat preservation methods: Sterilization, commercial sterilization, Pasteurization, and blanching.

UNIT IV

Food Preservation by Moisture control

Drying and Dehydration - Definition, drying as a means of preservation, differences between sun drying and dehydration (i.e. mechanical drying), heat and mass transfer, factors affecting rate of drying, normal drying curve, names of types of driers used in the food industry.

Evaporation – Definition, factors affecting evaporation, names of evaporators used in food industry, evaporation equipment's- Batch/Pan evaporator, rising film evaporator, falling film evaporator, natural circulation and forced circulation evaporator, scraped surface evaporator and vacuum pan evaporator, application of evaporation in food industry

UNIT V

Food Preservation by Irradiation

Introduction, units of radiation, kinds of ionizing radiations used in food irradiation, mechanism of action, uses of radiation processing in food industry, concept of cold sterilization

REFERENCES

1. Banwart, G. (2012). *Basic Food Microbiology*. Springer Science & Business Media.
2. Garbutt, John. (1997). *Essentials of Food Microbiology*, Arnold, London.
3. Potter, N. N., & Hotchkiss, J. H. (2012). *Food Science*. Springer Science & Business Media.
4. Fellows, P. J. (2009). *Food Processing Technology: Principles and Practice*. Elsevier.
5. Frazier, W.C. & Westhoff, D.C. *Food Microbiology*. TMH Publication, New Delhi, 2004
6. Rao, D.G. *Fundamentals of Food Engineering*, PHI Learning Pvt Ltd, New Delhi, 2010

On completion of this course, students will be able to

| CO | Course Outcomes |
|-----|---|
| CO1 | Describe the role of microorganisms in food spoilage, principles and importance of food preservation. |
| CO2 | Classify the different food preservation methods and foods based on shelf life |
| CO3 | Apply the various techniques of food preservation to preserve different foods and increase the shelf life |
| CO4 | Evaluate the uses of various food preservation methods |
| CO5 | Justify the use of various preservation techniques. |

MAPPING(CO/PSO):

| CO/PSO | PSO1 | PSO2 | PSO3 | PSO4 | PSO5 |
|---------|------|------|------|------|------|
| CO1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 |
| CO4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 |
| CO5 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Average | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2.6 | 2.6 |

| Title of the Course | | TECHNOLOGY OF FOOD PRESERVATION PRACTICAL | | | | |
|---------------------|----------|--|-------|-------|----------|-------|
| PART III | Year | Credits | Hours | Marks | | |
| | II | | | CIA | External | Total |
| | Semester | | | | | |
| Core Course 6 | III | 4 | 3 | 40 | 60 | 100 |

1. Concept of shelf life of different foods
2. Blanching of selected food items
3. Preservation of food by heat treatment- pasteurization
4. Study quality characteristics of foods preserved by drying/ dehydration/ freezing
5. Determination of pH of different foods using pH meter Food adulteration tests for common food.
6. Visit to food processing industry

| Title of the Course | | FOOD MICROBIOLOGY | | | | |
|---------------------|----------|-------------------|-------|-------|----------|-------|
| PART III | Year | Credits | Hours | Marks | | |
| | II | | | CIA | External | Total |
| | Semester | | | | | |
| Allied 5 | III | 3 | 3 | 25 | 75 | 100 |

Learning Objectives

To enable the students to:

- Understand the interaction between micro-organisms and food
- Discuss the factors that favor or inhibit the growth of microbes
- Understand the role of microbes in fermentation, spoilage and food borne diseases.

UNIT-I

Importance and significance of microbes in food science

Sources of microorganisms in foods and their effective control

Factors affecting growth and survival of microorganisms in foods:

Intrinsic factors i.e., pH, water activity, nutrients, redox potential, oxygen etc.,

Extrinsic factors: Relative humidity, temperature, gaseous atmosphere etc.

UNIT-II

Normal Microbiological quality of Foods and its significance:

milk and milk products, fruits and vegetables, cereals and cereal products,

meat and meat products, fish and other sea foods, poultry and eggs;

sugar and sugar products, salts and spices and canned foods

UNIT-III

Chemical changes caused by microorganisms:

Changes in nitrogenous organic compounds, non-nitrogenous organic compounds, organic acids, other compounds, lipids, pectic substances

Shelf life:

Calculation of shelf life, Shelf life requirements,

deteriorative reactions, accelerated testing;

UNIT-IV

Shelf life-Simulations of product: Package environment interaction, shelf life simulation for moisture, oxygen, and light sensitive products;

Microbial toxins:

Bacterial toxins,

fungus toxins,

algal toxins and mushroom toxins

UNIT-V

Food borne intoxications and infections:

types of food involved, toxicity and symptoms,

chemical properties, environmental conditions

Food borne viruses: types of food involved, nor viruses, rota viruses, prion diseases, toxicity and symptoms

REFERENCES

1. Bibek Ray and Arun Bhunia. 2008. Fundamental Food Microbiology, 4th Ed., CRC press, Taylor and Francis Group, USA.
2. Martin R. Adams and Maurice O. Moss. 2008. Food Microbiology, 3rd Ed., The Royal Society of Chemistry, Cambridge, UK.
3. James M. Jay. 2000. Modern Food Microbiology, 6th Ed. Aspen Publishers, Inc., Gaithersburg, Maryland, USA.
4. George J. Banwart. 1989. Basic Food Microbiology, 2nd Ed. Chapman & Hall, New York, USA.
5. William C. Frazier and & Dennis C. Westfoff. 1987. Food Microbiology, 4th Ed. Tata McGraw-Hill Education, New Delhi.

On completion of this course, students will be able to

| CO | Course Outcomes |
|-----|---|
| CO1 | Understand the interaction between micro-organisms and food |
| CO2 | Obtain a basic understanding of the microbial phenomena occurring in food products and factors affecting the growth of microbes |
| CO3 | Recognize the microbes causing food spoilage and food borne illnesses. |
| CO4 | Explain sources of contamination, principles of preservation and types of spoilage of different foods |
| CO5 | Evaluate the role of microorganisms in food safety |

MAPPING(CO/PSO):

| CO/PSO | PSO1 | PSO2 | PSO3 | PSO4 | PSO5 |
|---------|------|------|------|------|------|
| CO1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO5 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Average | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |

| Title of the Course | | FOOD MICROBIOLOGY PRACTICAL | | | | |
|---------------------|----------|-----------------------------|-------|-------|----------|-------|
| PART III | Year | Credits | Hours | Marks | | |
| | II | | | CIA | External | Total |
| | Semester | | | | | |
| Allied 6 | III | 2 | 3 | 40 | 60 | 100 |

1. Isolation of bacteria and molds from foods; vegetable and fruits/meat and meat products/fish and other sea foods/ eggs and poultry/ milk and milk products/ sugar, salts and spices/Fermented foods
2. Isolation of bacteria and molds from foods; vegetable and fruits/meat and meat products/fish and other sea foods/ eggs and poultry/ milk and milk products/ sugar, salts and spices/Fermented foods
3. Microbial examination of cereal and cereal products
4. Microbial examination of vegetable and fruits
5. Microbial examination of milk
6. Microbial examination of sugar, salts and spices
7. Determination and enumeration of pathogenic and indicator organisms in foods (Coliform/Enterococcus)
8. Detection of Salmonella from food sample
9. Detection of coliforms from milk by MPN method
10. Detection of *Staphylococcus aureus* from food sample

| Title of the Course | | BAKERY AND CONFECTIONERY | | | | |
|---------------------|----------|--------------------------|-------|-------|----------|-------|
| PART IV | Year | Credits | Hours | Marks | | |
| | II | | | CIA | External | Total |
| | Semester | | | | | |
| SEC 2 | III | 1 | 2 | 25 | 75 | 100 |

Learning Objectives

To enable the students to:

- Identify and explain baking terms, ingredients, equipment and tools.
- Employ safe food handling practices using contemporary guidelines

UNIT-I

Current status and growth rate of bakery industry. Economic importance in India. Classification of Baked Foods, Product Types, Nutritional Quality and Safety of Products, Storage and Packaging Materials, Basic baking principles

UNIT-II

Baking--Ingredients uses- liquid and flours (cereals types and flour quality)

Guidelines to follow the standards & regulations.

Forming the dough. Mixing and Gluten Development: Blending the ingredients, adding liquid to hydrate flour proteins , developing gluten

Processes that occur during Mixing-Air cell formation, Hydration, Gluten development

UNIT-III

The Baking Process- Melting of fats, leavening, Formation and expansion of gases, Killing of yeast and microorganisms,

Bread formulation: quality of materials like flour, shortening, yeast, chemical leaveners, flour improvers, preparing bread formula on the basis of the role of ingredients

Bread processing.

UNIT-IV

Cake

mixing methods, Types of cakes-Butter Cake, Sponge Cake and Eggless Cake

Hands on experience: Preparation and evaluation of cakes

Different types and techniques of Cake Decoration -icings and fillings.

Methods, types and techniques, equipments used for the preparation of Biscuits, Cookies macaroons and muffins

UNIT-V

Confectionery

Processing of Cocoa and Chocolate

Role of ingredients and Processing methods

Equipments Used, Product Development – Quality Characteristics, Sensory Evaluation of Products;

Types – Hard – Boiled Candies, Crystalline and Non-Crystalline Candies,

REFERENCES

1. Dubey, S.C. (2017). *Basic Baking*, 5th Edition, ChanakyaMudrakPvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
2. Rainact, AL. (2013). *Basic Food Preparation – Complete Manual*, 3rd Edition, Orient Longman Pvt Ltd., Mumbai
3. Manay, S &Shanaksharaswami, M. (2014). *Foods : Facts and Principles*, New Age Publishers, New Delhi
4. Samuel A, Martz (2004). *Bakery Technology and Engineering*, PAN-TECHI International IncorporatedP.Ltd, Madras Faridi, F (2004). *Dough Rheology and Baked Product Texture*, CBS Publication, New Delhi
5. E.B. Jackson. 1995. *Sugar Confectionery Manufacture*, 2nd Ed. Springer-Verlag, US.
6. B.W. Minife. 1989. *Chocolate, Cocoa, and Confectinery – Science and Technology*, 3rd Ed. Chapman and Hall,Inc., New York, USA.

On completion of this course, students will be able to

| CO | Course Outcomes |
|-----|--|
| CO1 | Resize recipes to meet production needs and equipment capacities |
| CO2 | Demonstrate proper storage techniques for all baked products |
| CO3 | Gain skills to plan, prepare and present recipes |
| CO4 | Prepare product finishes such as icings and fillings |
| CO5 | Enhance entrepreneurial skills in bakery and confectionery |

MAPPING(CO/PSO):

| CO/PSO | PSO1 | PSO2 | PSO3 | PSO4 | PSO5 |
|---------|------|------|------|------|------|
| CO1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO5 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Average | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |

| Title of the Course | | BAKERY AND CONFECTIONERY PRACTICAL | | | | |
|---------------------|----------|------------------------------------|-------|-------|----------|-------|
| PART IV | Year | Credits | Hours | Marks | | |
| | II | | | CIA | External | Total |
| | Semester | | | | | |
| SEC 3 | III | 2 | 2 | 40 | 60 | 100 |

1. Determination of dough raising capacity of the dough
2. Preparation of gluten-free baked product
3. Preparation of cakes(any three methods)
4. Preparation of cookies cakes(any three)
5. Preparation of biscuits(any types)
6. Preparation of icing(any three design)
7. Preparation of puff (veg.and non veg.)
8. Preparation of toffees
9. Preparation of fudge
10. Preparation of fondant
11. Preparation of chocolate.
12. Visit or baking and confectionery unit.

SEMESTER IV

| Title of the Course | | POST-HARVEST ENGINEERING | | | | |
|---------------------|----------|--------------------------|-------|-------|----------|-------|
| PART III | Year | Credits | Hours | Marks | | |
| | II | | | CIA | External | Total |
| | Semester | | | | | |
| Core Course 7 | IV | 4 | 4 | 25 | 75 | 100 |

Learning Objectives

To enable the students to:

Knowledge about Post-harvest technology.

Understand the different method for processing technique.

UNIT-I**Overview of Post-Harvest Technology**

Concept and science, Introduction to different agricultural crops, their cropping pattern, production, harvesting and post-harvest losses, reasons for losses, importance of loss reduction, Post-Harvest Handling operations

Water Activity

Water binding and its effect on enzymatic and non-enzymatic reactions and food texture, control of water activity and moisture

UNIT-II**Engineering Properties of Food Materials**

physical, thermal, aerodynamic, optical, mechanical, rheological and electromagnetic properties and their measurement

Cleaning

Cleaning of grains, washing of fruits and vegetables, types of cleaners, screens, types of screens, rotary screens, vibrating screens, machinery for cleaning of fruits and vegetables (air cleaners, washers), cleaning efficiency, care and maintenance; Peeling

UNIT-III**Sorting and Grading**

Sorting, grading, methods of grading; Grading- Size grading, colour grading, specific gravity grading; screening, equipment for grading of fruits and vegetables, grading efficiency, care and maintenance

Separation

Magnetic separator, destoners, electrostatic separators, pneumatic separator

UNIT-IV**Decorticating and Shelling**

Principles of working, design and constructional details, operating parameters, maintenance, etc. of various decorticators/dehullers/shellers, description of groundnut decorticators, maize shellers, etc.

Milling

Milling, polishing, grinding, milling equipment, dehuskers, polishers (abrasion, friction, water jet), flour milling machines, pulse milling machines, grinders, cutting machines, oil expellers, machine efficiency and power

requirement

UNIT-V

Materials Handling

Introduction to different conveying equipment used for handling of grains, fruits and vegetables; Scope and importance of material handling devices

Belt conveyor: Principle, characteristics, design, relationship between belt speed and width, capacity, inclined belt conveyors, idler spacing, belt tension, drive tension, belt tripper

REFERENCES

1. Chakraverty. 2008. Post Harvest Technology of Cereals, Pulses and Oilseeds, 3rd Ed. Oxford and IBH Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
2. Amalendu Chakraverty and R. Paul Singh. 2014. Post Harvest Technology and Food Process Engineering. CRC Press, Boca Raton, FL, USA.
3. James G. Brennan. 2006. Food Processing Handbook. Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH & Co. KGaA, Weinheim, Germany.
4. K.M. Sahay and K.K. Singh. 2001. Unit Operations of Agricultural Processing. Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., Noida, UP.
5. Mohsenin, Nuri N. 1980. Thermal Properties of Foods and Agricultural Materials. Gordon and Breach Science Publishers, New York.
6. Mohsenin, Nuri N. 1984. Electromagnetic Radiation Properties of Foods and Agricultural Products. Gordon and Breach Science Publishers, New York.
7. Mohsenin, Nuri N. 1986. Physical Properties of Plant and Animal Materials : Structure, Physical Characteristics and Mechanical properties, 2nd Ed. Gordon and Breach Science Publishers, NY.

On completion of this course, students will be able to

| CO | Course Outcomes |
|-----|--|
| CO1 | Understand the importance of post harvest processing |
| CO2 | Perform grading of agricultural products |
| CO3 | Recognize the working principles of grain cleaning and sorting |
| CO4 | Enhance the working principles of milling |
| CO5 | understanding the processes of setting up and managing viable business ventures. |

MAPPING(CO/PSO):

| CO/PSO | PSO1 | PSO2 | PSO3 | PSO4 | PSO5 |
|---------|------|------|------|------|------|
| CO1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO5 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Average | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |

SEMESTER IV

| Title of the Course | | POST-HARVEST ENGINEERING PRACTICAL | | | | |
|----------------------------|-----------------|---|--------------|--------------|-----------------|--------------|
| PART III | Year | Credits | Hours | Marks | | |
| | II | | | CIA | External | Total |
| | Semester | | | | | |
| Core Course 8 | IV | 4 | 3 | 40 | 60 | 100 |

1. Determination of shape and size of food materials
2. Determination of densities, porosity and specific gravity of solid/powder materials
3. Determination of terminal velocity and angle of repose of grain sample
4. Determine co-efficient of external and internal friction of different crops
5. Study of Thermal and rheological properties of food materials
6. Study of Optical properties measurement equipment/instruments
7. Study of cleaners and washers for agricultural produces
8. Study of graders for agricultural produces
9. Study of decorticators
10. Study of Maize shellers
11. Study of crop dryers
12. Study of rice milling machines
13. Study of pulse milling machines
14. Study of different components of flour mill
15. Study of oil expeller
16. Study of different materials handling equipment

| Title of the Course | | FOOD AND NUTRITION | | | | |
|---------------------|----------|--------------------|-------|-------|----------|-------|
| PART III | Year | Credits | Hours | Marks | | |
| | II | | | CIA | External | Total |
| | Semester | | | | | |
| Allied 7 | IV | 3 | 3 | 25 | 75 | 100 |

Learning Objectives

To enable the students to:

- To understand the relationship between food, nutrition and health.
- To understand digestion, absorption, functions and food sources of various nutrients

UNIT I

Introduction to Food and Nutrition 10

Basic terms used in study of food and nutrition

Methods of assessment of nutritional status

Functions of food-physiological, psychological and social

Understanding relationship between food, nutrition and health

UNIT II

Nutrients

Classification, digestion, absorption, functions, dietary sources, RDA, clinical manifestations of deficiency and excess of the following in brief:

Energy

Carbohydrates, lipids and proteins

Fat soluble vitamins-A, D, E and K

Water soluble vitamins – thiamine, riboflavin, niacin, pyridoxine, folate, vitamin B12 and vitamin C

Minerals – calcium, iron, iodine, fluorine, copper and zinc

UNIT III

Planning Balanced Meals and Selection of Healthy Foods

Food Groups

Concept of Balanced Diets

Healthy and Fad Diets

Factors affecting meal planning

Understanding specific considerations for planning meal for different groups of people.

Understanding Nutrition labelling on foods, FSSAI regulations, Codex guidelines for health and nutrition claims

UNIT IV

Methods of Cooking and Nutrient Retention 8

Dry, moist, frying and microwave cooking - Advantages, disadvantages

Effect of various methods of cooking on foods and nutrients.

Preventing nutrient losses

REFERENCES

1. Byrd-Bredbenner, C., Moe, G., Beshgetoor, D. & Berning, J. (2013). *Wardlaw's*
2. *Perspectives in Nutrition*, International Edition, 9th edition, New York: McGraw- Hill
3. Chadha, R. and Mathur, P. eds. (2015). *Nutrition: A Lifecycle Approach*. Hyderabad: Orient Blackswan.
4. Longvah, T., Ananthan, R., Bhaskarachary, K. and Venkaiah, K. (2017). *Indian Food*
5. *Composition Tables*. Hyderabad: National Institute of Nutrition, Indian Council of Medical Research, Department of Health Research, Ministry of Health and Family

Welfare, Government of India.

6. Seth, V., Singh, K. & Mathur, P. (2018). *Diet Planning Through the Lifecycle Part I: Normal Nutrition- A Practical Manual*. 6th Edition. Delhi: Elite Publishing House.
7. Bamji, M.S., Krishnaswamy, K. & Brahmam, G.N.V. (2016). *Textbook of Human Nutrition*, 4th edition. New Delhi: Oxford and IBH Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd.
8. Srilakshmi, B. (2017). *Nutrition Science*. 6th edition. Delhi: New Age International

On completion of this course, students will be able to

| CO | Course Outcomes |
|-----|--|
| CO1 | Appreciate the relationship between food, nutrition and health |
| CO2 | Explain digestion, absorption, functions and food sources of various nutrients |
| CO3 | Understand the concept of balanced diets and menu planning. |
| CO4 | Describe different methods of cooking and ways to prevent nutrient losses |
| CO5 | Plan and prepare meals and nutritious dishes for various age groups. |

MAPPING (CO/PSO):

| CO/PSO | PSO1 | PSO2 | PSO3 | PSO4 | PSO5 |
|---------|------|------|------|------|------|
| CO1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO5 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Average | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |

| Title of the Course | | FOOD AND NUTRITION PRACTICAL | | | | |
|---------------------|----------|------------------------------|-------|-------|----------|-------|
| PART III | Year | Credits | Hours | Marks | | |
| | II | | | CIA | External | Total |
| | Semester | | | | | |
| Allied 8 | IV | 2 | 3 | 40 | 60 | 100 |

1. Identification of food sources for various nutrients using food composition tables.
2. Record diet of self, using 24-hour dietary recall.
3. Introduction to meal planning, concept of food exchange system.
4. Planning of meals for adults of different activity levels for various income groups.
5. Planning of nutritious snacks for different age and income groups.
6. Preparation of nutritious snacks using various methods of cooking.
7. Critical analysis of nutritional labeling of food products.
8. Measurement and interpretation of Weight, Height and Waist circumference of adults.

| Title of the Course | | FOOD PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT | | | | |
|---------------------|----------|--------------------------|-------|-------|----------|-------|
| PART IV | Year | Credits | Hours | Marks | | |
| | II | | | CIA | External | Total |
| | Semester | | | | | |
| SEC 4 | IV | 2 | 2 | 25 | 75 | 100 |

Learning Objectives

To enable the students to:

- Understand the concept of development of a new product
- Discuss the preparation of new products based on special dietary requirements, functionality, convenience
- Employ novel methods to enhance traditional Indian foods.

UNIT-I

Introduction to New food products & food product development

Concepts, definitions & characteristics. Factors to consider for food product development (external and internal factors)

Types of new food products- Line extensions, new-to-world products, innovative/creative products, existing products- repositioned, reformulated, new form, new size, and new package.

UNIT-II

Stages in food product development Idea generation

Internal & external sources; Screening - Course Objectives and criterion; Development of product prototype- market research, concept testing approaches, product formulation and specification, product optimization, process development & optimization, product attributes, scale up requirements; Product prototype testing - consumer testing, packaging testing, shelf life testing, product integrity and conformance to standards; Marketing plans - price structure, place & distribution system, promotional program, market positioning, test marketing, results evaluation

UNIT-III

Concepts in sensory evaluation of foods

Sensory attributes of foods: Chemical senses (olfactory and gustatory); physical, kinesthetic and tactile senses (appearance, color, texture, & overall taste).

Score card development. Role of sensory analysis in product development & quality control.

UNIT-IV

Subjective evaluation methods

Definition, advantages, and disadvantages. Subjective tests: Analytical tests (sensitivity tests, difference tests, ranking tests), descriptive tests, and consumer/ preference tests.

UNIT-V

Objective and instrumental evaluation methods

Objective methods for appearance, size, shape, volume, specific gravity, refractive index, moisture, fat, and others. Instrumental methods for evaluation of color, viscosity, texture & aroma.

REFERENCES

1. Carpenter Lyon & Hasdell, "Guidelines for Sensory Analysis in Food Product Development and Quality Control", Springer, 2000
2. Earle, M. D., Earle, R. L., & Anderson, A. M. (2001). Food product development. Boca Raton, Fla: CRC Press.
3. Gordon L Robertson. 2006. Food Packaging: Principles and Practice. 2nd Ed. CRC Press
4. Harper J.M. Extrusion of Foods. Vol. 1 & 2 (1991) CRC Press, Inc.) Boca Raton, Aorida
5. Naik, H.R., & Amin, T. (2021). Food Processing and Preservation (1st ed.). CRC Press. <https://doi.org/10.1201/9781003243250>
6. V.K. Joshi (2006) Sensory science- Principles and Applications in Food Evaluation,Agrotech Publishing Academy, Udaipur.

On completion of this course, students will be able to

| CO | Course Outcomes |
|-----|---|
| CO1 | Recall, categorize, and analyze major trends in product development . |
| CO2 | Identify the processes & stages for new product development from conception to commercialization. |
| CO3 | Understand the role of sensory and objective evaluation in product development, quality control, and research in the food and otherconsumer industries. |
| CO4 | Explain the theoretical background and practical understanding of sensory evaluation of food. |
| CO5 | Develop a new food product from concept to prototype or pilot-scale production with the inclusion of a critical analysis of the quality,safety, shelf-life, packaging, labeling, and cost of the product. |

MAPPING(CO/PSO):

| CO/PSO | PSO1 | PSO2 | PSO3 | PSO4 | PSO5 |
|---------|------|------|------|------|------|
| CO1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO5 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Average | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |

| Title of the Course | | FOOD PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT PRACTICAL | | | | |
|---------------------|----------|------------------------------------|-------|-------|----------|-------|
| PART IV | Year | Credits | Hours | Marks | | |
| | II | | | CIA | External | Total |
| | Semester | | | | | |
| SEC 4 | IV | 2 | 2 | 40 | 60 | 100 |

1. Evaluate food products by sensory perceptions using sensory evaluation -
Difference test, Attribute difference test ,Analytical descriptive test ,
Preference test
2. Tests with sweetness, saltiness, sourness, bitterness and astringency using
different concentration series.
3. Formulation of different Ready To Cook (RTC) and Ready To Service (RTE)
4. Preparation of different premixes – Rice mix, soup mix, fortified weaning
foods using malts.
5. Formulation of foods with Pectin-Jam, Jelly
6. Preparation of pickles
7. Preparation of syrup
8. Formulation of value-added extruded products – Incorporation of
fiber/sprouts/vegetable extract.

THIRD YEAR-SEMESTER V

| Title of the Course | | PROCESSING TECHNOLOGY OF LEGUMES AND OIL SEEDS | | | | |
|---------------------|----------|--|-------|-------|----------|-------|
| PART III | Year | Credits | Hours | Marks | | |
| | III | | | CIA | External | Total |
| | Semester | | | | | |
| Core Course 9 | V | 4 | 6 | 25 | 75 | 100 |

Learning Objectives

To enable the students to:

- To learn about the processing of legumes and oil seeds.
- To gain knowledge about value added products.

UNIT I

Pulse Classification and Processing Present status and future prospects of legumes - Current trends in area, production and yield – Technology Mission on Oil seeds and Pulses (TMOP).

Morphological description of pulses. Classification and types of legumes

Processing of legumes - Milling, Soaking, Germination, Fermentation, Roasting and Parching, Extrusion, Parboiling and Agglomeration. Physical and chemical changes during the processing of legumes

UNIT II

Milling of Pulses Dehulling of pulses - Advantages - Methods of dehulling - Traditional and modern methods of dehulling. Dehulling pretreatments - wet treatment, soaking, chemical treatment, dry treatment, oil treatment and heat treatment. Seed characteristics that affect dehulling - Nature of seed coat and physical characteristics of grains. Storage of pulses - Insect control measures in pulses. Milling of pulses - Wet milling and dry milling- Commercial milling of pulses by traditional methods. Dry milling of , Black gram, Bengal gram, Modern CFTRI method of pulse milling

UNIT III

Pulse's Value Added Product Dhal milling equipment and effect on quality - Principal products. Fermented products of legumes - Idli, Dosa, Soya curd (Tofu), Textured Vegetable Protein (TVP), Soya sauce, Tempeh, Natto and Miso. Cooking quality of dhal - Factors affecting cooking quality of dhal and Legumes – Processed legume products - Puffed chick pea and Peas, Canned dry pea. Quick cooking dhal and instant dhal - Uses of pulses - Role of pulses in cookery – Medicinal value of pulses. Present status and future prospects of oil seeds - Annual oil crops, Perennial oil seed plants and Minor oil seeds

UNIT IV

Post-Harvest Technology of Oil Seeds Post-Harvest Technology of oil seeds - Handling- Drying and Storage - Grading – Pretreatments - Cleaning -Dehulling - Size reduction - Flaking - Heat treatment. Oil extraction - Rendering - Traditional methods - Ghani -Power ghanis - Hydraulic Press- Expellers - Principle and structural design of expeller. Solvent extraction process - Principle - Pretreatment - Breaking - Cracking - Flaking - Extraction principles - Factors affecting

the extraction process - Desolventisation. Processing of oil seeds - Production and refining of cotton seed oil - Mechanical expression of cotton seed oil - Refining of crude cotton seed oil. Solvent extraction of soya bean oil - Sunflower oil - Palm oil - Coconut oil. Utilization of rice bran - Stabilization of rice bran - Dry heat treatment - Wet heat treatment. Extraction of rice bran oil - Solvent extraction - batch and continuous methods

UNIT V

Refining of Oils Refining of oils - Degumming - Neutralization - Bleaching - Filtration – Deodorization - Winterization - Principles and process controls. Refining of crude bran oil into edible oil - Uses of bran and bran oil. Hydrogenation - Products based on hydrogenated fats - Margarine - Shortenings – Salad oils - Vanaspati – Salad dressings .
New technologies in oil seed processing. Utilization of oil seed meals for different food uses. High protein products - Protein concentrates - Protein isolates

REFERENCES

1. Karleskind, "Oils and Fats manual", 1st Edition, Lavoisier Publisher, Paris, 1996.
2. R.H. Mathews, Marcel Dekker, "Legumes: Chemistry, Technology and Human Nutrition", 1st Edition, 1989.
3. D. Swer, "Bailey's Industrial Oil & Fat Products", 5 th Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2005.
4. Achhayya K.T. Oil seeds and Oil Milling in India. Oxford and IBH Publishing Co., New Delhi, 1999
5. Barid and Hamson. Hand Book of Solvent Extraction.
6. Chakraverty A, Majumdar A.S, VijayaRaghavan G.S and Ramaswamy H.S. Hand Book of PostHarvest Technology. Marcel Dekker Inc., New York. Basel.
7. Guriqbal Singh, Harbhajan Singh Sekhon and Jaspinder Singh Kolar. Pulses. Agrotech
8. Publishing Academy, Udaipur.
9. Jaswanth Singh and Shukla B.D. Post Harvest Technology of Oil Seeds. Central Institute of Agricultural Engineering, Bhopal

On completion of this course, students will be able to

| CO | Course Outcomes |
|-----|--|
| CO1 | Know about different pulses processing aspects |
| CO2 | Skill the knowledge preparation of products and value added products |
| CO3 | Knowledge on milling of legumes and oil seeds |
| CO4 | Need of refining and other processes like hydrogenation etc. |
| CO5 | Importance of protein derivatives from oilseeds. |

MAPPING (CO/PSO):

| CO/PSO | PSO1 | PSO2 | PSO3 | PSO4 | PSO5 |
|---------|------|------|------|------|------|
| CO1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO5 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Average | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |

| Title of the Course | | PROCESSING TECHNOLOGY OF CEREALS | | | | |
|---------------------|----------|----------------------------------|-------|-------|----------|-------|
| PART III | Year | Credits | Hours | Marks | | |
| | III | | | CIA | External | Total |
| | Semester | | | | | |
| Core Course 10 | V | 4 | 5 | 25 | 75 | 100 |

Learning Objectives

To enable the students to:

- Learn about the processing of major cereals.
- Gain knowledge about grain structure and Physico-chemical properties

UNIT-I

Present status and future prospects of cereals and millets.

Current trends in area, production and yield.

Structure of cereals - Wheat, Corn, Rice, Barley, Oat, Rye and Sorghum.

Physico-chemical properties of cereals, major and minor millets

UNIT-II

Paddy processing and rice milling: Conventional milling, modern milling Milling operations, milling machines, milling efficiency; Quality characteristics influencing final milled product

Parboiling; Rice bran stabilization and its methods

Ageing of rice; Enrichment of rice – methods of enrichment; Rice fortification

UNIT-III

Wheat milling: Break system, purification system and reduction system; extraction rate and its effect on flour composition;

Quality characteristics of flour and their suitability for baking

Corn milling: Dry and wet milling of corn, starch and gluten separation, milling fractions and modified starches

UNIT-IV

Barley: Malting and milling

Oat/Rye: Processing, milling

Sorghum: Milling, malting, pearling

Millets (Pearl millets, finger millets): Processing of millets for food uses

UNIT-V

Secondary and tertiary products processing of cereals and millets

By-products processing of cereals and millets

Processing of infant foods from cereals and millets

Breakfast cereal foods: Flaked, puffed, expanded, extruded and shredded

REFERENCES

1. Chakraverty, A. and Singh, R. P. 2014. Post Harvest Technology and Food Process Engineering. CRC Press, Boca Raton, FL, USA.
2. Khan, K. and Shewry, P. R. 2009. Wheat: Chemistry and Technology, 4th Ed., AACC International, Inc., St. Paul, MN, USA.
3. Wrigley, C. 2004. Encyclopedia of Grain Science. Academic Press, London, UK.
4. Champagne, E. T. 2004. Rice: Chemistry and Technology, 3rd Ed., AACC International, Inc., St. Paul, MN, USA.
5. Chakraverty, A., Mujumdar, A.S., Vijaya Raghavan G.S. and Ramaswamy, H. S. 2003. Handbook of Post Harvest Technology: Cereals, Fruits, Vegetables, Tea, and Spices. Marcel Dekker, Inc., NY, USA.

6. White, P. J. and Johnson. L. Lawrence A. 2003. Corn: Chemistry and Technology, 2nd Ed., AACCI International, Inc., St. Paul, MN, USA.
7. David A.V. Dendy and Bogdan J. Dobraszczyk. 2001. Cereal and Cereal Products: Technology and Chemistry. Springer-Verlag, US.

On completion of this course, students will be able to

| CO | Course Outcomes |
|------------|---|
| CO1 | Know about different cereals and millets and their processing aspects |
| CO2 | Knowledge of milling and parboiling of paddy and other processing methods |
| CO3 | Importance of quality assessment related to rice and rice products |
| CO4 | Description of quality parameters |
| CO5 | Acquaint with knowledge of other cereals |

MAPPING (CO/PSO):

| CO/PSO | PSO1 | PSO2 | PSO3 | PSO4 | PSO5 |
|----------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| CO1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO5 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Average | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |

| Title of the Course | | PROCESSING TECHNOLOGY OF CEREALS PRACTICAL | | | | |
|---------------------|----------|---|-------|-------|----------|-------|
| PART III | Year | Credits | Hours | Marks | | |
| | III | | | CIA | External | Total |
| | Semester | | | | | |
| Core Course 11 | V | 3 | 3 | 40 | 60 | 100 |

1. Study of morphological characteristics of cereals–
2. Determination of physical properties of cereals
3. Determination of chemical properties of cereals
4. Determination of colour of cereals
5. Determination of moisture content of cereals
6. Experiment on parboiling of paddy
7. Cooking quality studies of rice
8. Determination of gelatinization temperature using DSC and other methods.
9. Processing of value added products from millets.
10. Experiments on rice shelling
11. Experiments on rice polishing
12. Visit to rice bran oil extraction industry
13. Visit to a commercial cereal processing unit

| Title of the Course | | FOOD PLANT SANITATION | | | | |
|---------------------|----------|-----------------------|-------|-------|----------|-------|
| PART III | Year | Credits | Hours | Marks | | |
| | III | | | CIA | External | Total |
| | Semester | | | | | |
| Core Course 12 | V | 4 | 5 | 25 | 75 | 100 |

Learning Objectives

To enable the students to:

- To obtain knowledge of design of food plant and food processing equipments.
- To understand basic principles of safe and hygienic storage of foods

UNIT-I

Food Plant Layout and Equipment Design

General principles of food plant Design and layout

Design of food processing equipments: Size Reduction, Mixing, Separation, Extraction, Extrusion, Drying, Freezing, Filtration, Centrifugation, Distillation, Gas absorption equipments

UNIT-II

Sanitation and food industry: Sanitation, sanitation laws, regulations, and guidelines, establishment of sanitary Practices.

Foodborne bioterrorism: Potential risks and protection measures for bioterrorism

The Relationship of microorganisms to sanitation: Microbial growth in relation to spoilage and food borne out breaks and its control measures

UNIT-III

The Relationship of allergens to sanitation: Food allergens and its control measures

Food contamination sources: Sources of contamination, contamination of foods, protection against contamination

Personal hygiene and sanitary food handling: Personal hygiene, employee hygiene, sanitary food handling, role of employee supervision, employee responsibility

UNIT-IV

Cleaning compounds and sanitizers: Classification, selection of cleaning compounds and sanitizers, handling and storage, precautions

Pest and Rodent Control: Insect infestation, cockroaches, insect destruction, rodents, birds, use of pesticides, integrated pest management

UNIT-V

Sanitary design and construction for food processing: Site selection, site preparation, building construction considerations, processing and design considerations, pest control design

Waste product handling: solid waste and liquid waste management

Role of HACCP in sanitation: Good manufacturing practices, current good manufacturing practices; Standard operating procedures, good laboratory practices

REFERENCES

1. Hui, Y.H., Bruinsma, B., Gorham, R., Nip, W.-K. (2003). *Food Plant Sanitation*. NewYork: Marcel Dekker.
2. Norman, G. Marriott. and Robert, B. Gravani. (2006). *Principles of Food Sanitation*, 5th edition. 82
3. Rao, D. G. (2010). *Fundamentals of Food Engineering*. PHI learning Private Ltd.
4. Fellows, P. (2000). *Food Processing Technology*, 2nd Edition. Woodhead Publishing Limited and CRC Press LLC.
5. Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations& International Institute of
6. Refrigeration.(1984).*Design and operation of cold stores in developing countries*, *FAOagricultural services bulletin*. Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations. ISBN:925101373X, 9789251013731
7. Forsythe, S.J. and Hayes, P.R. (1998). *Food Hygiene, Microbiology and HACCP*. Gaitersburg, Maryland: Aspen.
8. James, A. (2013) *The supply chain handbook*. Distribution group.
9. Rees, N. and D. Watson. (2000). *International Standards for Food Safety*. Gaitersburg, Maryland: Aspen

On completion of this course, students will be able to

| CO | Course Outcomes |
|------------|--|
| CO1 | Gaining detailed knowledge of design of food plant and food processing equipments. |
| CO2 | Basic knowledge of food contamination and treatment |
| CO3 | Knowledge of hygiene and sanitation principles and practices in food industry. |
| CO4 | Understanding principles of solid waste management |
| CO5 | Basic understanding of mode of action of detergents and sanitizers |

MAPPING (CO/PSO):

| CO/PSO | PSO1 | PSO2 | PSO3 | PSO4 | PSO5 |
|----------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| CO1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO5 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Average | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |

| Title of the Course | | PROJECT VIVA-VOCE | | | | |
|---------------------|----------|-------------------|-------|-------|----------|-------|
| PART III | Year | Credits | Hours | Marks | | |
| | III | | | CIA | External | Total |
| | Semester | | | | | |
| Project | V | 4 | 4 | 40 | 60 | 100 |

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- To develop a research design on a topic relevant to their field
- To understand the concept of a systematic literature review and report writing

COURSE LEARNING OUTCOMES

- Demonstrate knowledge of scientific writing method and styles
- Develop a research design on a topic relevant to their field
- Prepare a systematic literature review
- Understand the basic concept of report writing

I Project based on the any one subject related to the syllabus

((for group project-5-10 students may be included))

- Submission of Project Report
- Presentation of project report
- Viva – Voice

| Title of the Course | | NUTRACEUTICALS AND FUNCTIONAL FOODS | | | | |
|---------------------|----------|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|----------|-------|
| PART III | Year | Credits | Hours | Marks | | |
| | III | | | CIA | External | Total |
| | Semester | | | | | |
| Elective Course 1 | V | 3 | 5 | 25 | 75 | 100 |

Learning Objectives

To enable the students to:

- To understand the types of nutraceuticals and functional foods
- To understand the potential of various nutraceuticals and functional foods in promoting human health

UNIT I

Introduction

Definitions and history

Difference between nutraceuticals and functional foods

Current status of nutraceuticals and functional foods in India

Market trends of nutraceuticals and functional food

UNIT II

Nutraceuticals

Types of nutraceuticals: phytochemicals- isoprenoids, polyphenolics, phytosterols; carbohydrates- (dietary fibers, oligosaccharides and resistant starch); proteins and peptides, lipids- conjugated linoleic Acid, omega-3 fatty acids, fat replacers; vitamins and minerals; microbial- probiotics, probiotics and synbiotic; sources and stability of nutraceuticals

UNIT-III

Health benefits- cardiovascular diseases, cancer, diabetes, cholesterol management, obesity, joint pain, immune enhancement, age-related macular degeneration, endurance performance and mood disorders – compounds and their mechanisms of action

UNIT III

Functional Foods

Types of functional foods - Cereal and cereal products, milk and milk products, egg, oils, meat and products, sea foods, nuts and oilseeds, functional fruits and vegetables, herbs and spices, beverages (tea, wine), fermented foods

UNIT IV

Potential health benefits and role in cardiovascular diseases, hypertension and diabetes

Development, formulation and fabrication of functional foods

Legal Aspects

Safety

Consumer acceptance

Assessment of health claims

Labeling, marketing and regulatory issues

Future prospects

REFERENCES

1. Wildman, R.E.C. (2001). *Handbook of Nutraceutical and Functional Foods*. CRC Press
2. Mazza, G. (1988). *Functional foods – biochemical and processing aspects*. USA:Technomic Publ. Lancaster.
3. Pathak, Y.V. (2011). *Handbook of nutraceuticals*. Volume 2, CRC Press.
4. Ranganna, S. (1986). *Handbook of analysis and quality control for fruits and vegetable products*. Tata McGraw-Hill publishing company limited, Second edition
5. Various journals of food technology, food science and allied subjects

On completion of this course, students will be able to

| CO | Course Outcomes |
|-----|---|
| CO1 | Understand the types of nutraceutical and functional foods |
| CO2 | Understand the potential of various nutraceuticals and functional foods in promoting human health |
| CO3 | Understand the safety issues and consumer acceptance of nutraceutical and functional foods |
| CO4 | Understand labeling and marketing issues related to nutraceutical and functional foods |
| CO5 | Understand regulatory issues related to nutraceutical and functional foods |

MAPPING (CO/PSO):

| CO/PSO | PSO1 | PSO2 | PSO3 | PSO4 | PSO5 |
|---------|------|------|------|------|------|
| CO1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO5 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Average | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |

| Title of the Course | | INTERNSHIP VIVA-VOCE | | |
|---------------------|-----------------|----------------------|--------------|--------------------------------|
| PART III | Year | Credits | Hours | EVALUATION |
| | III | | | As per university norms |
| | Semester | | | |
| Internship | V | 2 | - | |

FOOD INDUSTRY INTERNSHIP

The students are expected to undergo a food industry internship for 15 days at any reputed industries.

Internship will be carried out during the summer vacation after the fourth semester

SEMESTER VI

| Title of the Course | | PROCESSING TECHNOLOGY OF SPICES, FRUITS AND VEGETABLES | | | | |
|---------------------|----------|--|-------|-------|----------|-------|
| PART III | Year | Credits | Hours | Marks | | |
| | III | | | CIA | External | Total |
| | Semester | | | | | |
| Core Course 13 | VI | 4 | 5 | 25 | 75 | 100 |

Learning Objectives

To enable the students to:

- To understand processing and preservation of fruits and vegetables
- To understand maturity indices of fruits and vegetables.

UNIT-I

Major Processed products of spices: Ginger, chilli, turmeric, onion and garlic, pepper, cardamom..

Minor spices: Herbs, leaves and spartan seasonings and their processing and utilization;

All spice, Annie seed, sweet basil; Caraway seed, cassia, cinnamon Clove, coriander, cumin, dill seed; Fennel seed, nutmeg, mace, mint marjoram.

Rosemary, saffron, sage; Savory, thyme, ajowan; Asafetida, curry leaves

UNIT I

Introduction

Importance of fruits and vegetable

History and need of preservation, reasons of spoilage

Dehydration of Fruits and Vegetables

Sun drying & mechanical dehydration

Process variation for fruits and vegetables

UNIT II

Canning and Bottling of Fruits and Vegetables

Selection of fruits and vegetables

Process of canning, factors affecting the process- time and temperature

Containers of packing, lacquering

Syrups and brines for canning

Spoilage in canned foods

UNIT III

Fruit Beverages

Introduction, reasons of spoilage

Processing of fruit juices- selection, juice extraction, deaeration, straining, filtration and clarification.

Preservation of fruit juices- pasteurization, chemically preserved with sugars, freezing, drying, tetra-packing, carbonation.

Processing of squashes, cordials, nectars, concentrates and powder.

Packaging of fruit beverages.

UNIT IV

Jams, Jellies and Marmalades

Introduction

Jam: Constituents, selection of fruits, processing & technology.

Jelly: Essential constituents, Theory of jelly formation, Processing & technology, defects in jelly. Marmalade : Types, processing & technology, defects.

Packaging of jams, jellies and marmalades

UNIT V

Pickles and Tomato Products

Pickles - Processing and Types, Causes of spoilage in pickling.

Tomato products -Selection of tomatoes, pulping & processing of tomato juice.

Tomato puree, paste, ketchup, sauce and soup.

Packaging of pickles and tomato products

REFERENCES

1. Girdharilal., Siddappaa, G.S and Tandon, G.L.(1998). *Preservation of fruits &vegetables*. ICAR, New Delhi.
2. Thompson, A.K., (2003). *Fruits and vegetables; Harvesting, handling and storage*.Blackwell Publishing.
3. Crusess, W.B. (2004). *Commercial Unit and Vegetable Products*. W.V. Special Indian Edition. Agrobios India.
4. Manay, S. and Shadaksharaswami, M. (2004). *Foods: Facts and Principles*. New AgePublishers.
5. Ranganna S.(1986). *Handbook of analysis and quality control for fruits and vegetableproducts*. Tata Mc Graw-Hill publishing company limited, Second edition.
6. Srivastava, R.P. and Kumar, S. (2006). *Fruits and Vegetables Preservation- Principlesand Practices*. 3rd Ed. International Book Distributing Co.
7. Somogyi, L.P., Ramaswamy, H.S. and Hui, Y.H. (1996). *Biology, Principles andApplications*. Volume 1. Technomic Publishing Company, Inc.

On completion of this course, students will be able to

| CO | Course Outcomes |
|-----|---|
| CO1 | Understand maturity indices of spices |
| CO2 | Understand maturity indices of fruits and vegetables |
| CO3 | Understand the concept of quality in relation to fruit and vegetable based products |
| CO4 | Understand the processing and preservation of fruits and vegetables using various techniques. |
| CO5 | Understand processing of plantation crops |

MAPPING (CO/PSO):

| CO/PSO | PSO1 | PSO2 | PSO3 | PSO4 | PSO5 |
|---------|------|------|------|------|------|
| CO1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO5 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Average | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |

| Title of the Course | | PROCESSING TECHNOLOGY OF DAIRY AND SEA FOOD | | | | |
|---------------------|----------|---|-------|-------|----------|-------|
| PART III | Year | Credits | Hours | Marks | | |
| | III | | | CIA | External | Total |
| | Semester | | | | | |
| Core Course 14 | VI | 4 | 6 | 25 | 75 | 100 |

Learning Objectives

To enable the students to:

- To understand fish preservation and value added fish
- To understand the properties and composition of milk, milk processing, milk products and working of a few dairy equipments.

UNIT I

Introduction, Chilling and Freezing of fish

Status of fishery industry in India. Relationship between chilling and storage life, MAP, general aspects of freezing, freezing systems (air blast freezing, plate or contact freezing spray or immersion freezing, freezing on board, onshore processing, changes in quality in chilled and frozen storage, thawing.

UNIT II

Fish Curing, Smoking and Canning

Drying and salting of fish, water activity and shelf-life, salting process, salting methods (brining, pickling, kench curing, gaspe curing), types of salts, dried and

Salted fish products- pindang, fishwood, dried shrimp. Preservation by smoking,

Smoked fish, processing and equipment, pre-smoking processes, smoking process control. Traditional chimney kiln, modern mechanical fish smoking kiln, examples of smoked and dried products. Principles of canning, classification based on pH groupings, effect of heat processing on fish, storage of canned fish, pre-process operations, post process operations, cannery operations for specific canned products.(Tuna, Mackerel, Sardine).Fish protein concentrates (FPC),

UNIT III

Physical properties of milk

Color, taste, pH and buffering capacity, refractive index, viscosity, surface tension, freezing, boiling point, specific heat, OR, electrical conductivity.

UNIT V

Lactose, Milk fat, protein and enzymes

Lactose-Significances of lactose in dairy industry. Milk fat composition and structure, factors affecting melting point, boiling point, solubility and Refractive Index.

Chemical reactions of fat..

Protein and Enzymes

Types of casein (acid and rennet), uses of casein.

Enzymes- catalase, alkaline phosphatase, lipases and proteases

UNIT VI

Market milk industry, milk plant equipments and milk products

Systems of collection of milk

Reception, Platform testing Various stages of processing: Filtration, Clarification, Homogenization, Pasteurization

Description and working of clarifier, cream separator, homogenizer and plate heat exchanger.

Flow diagram of following milk products

Butter, ghee, flavored milk, yoghurt, cheese, ice-cream, condensed milk, milk Powder.

REFERENCES

1. De, Sukumar. (2007). *Outlines of Dairy Technology*. Oxford: Oxford University Press.
2. Hall, G.M. (1992). *Fish Processing Technology*. NY: VCH Publishers.38
3. Sen, D.P. (2005). *Advances in Fish Processing Technology*. Allied Publishers Pvt.Limited.
4. Shahidi, F. and Botta, J.R. (1994). *Seafoods: Chemistry, Processing, Technology and Quality*. London: Blackie Academic & Professional,.
5. Webb. and Johnson. (1988). *Fundamentals of Dairy Chemistry*, 3rd ed., New Delhi: CBS Publishers.

On completion of this course, students will be able to

| CO | Course Outcomes |
|-----|--|
| CO1 | Understand the importance fishery industry, the techniques that can be used for preservation of fish |
| CO2 | Understand the manufacturing of various value added fish products |
| CO3 | Understand the various properties and composition of milk |
| CO4 | Understand the technology of manufacturing of various products like butter, ghee etc., |
| CO5 | Understand market milk industry stages of milk processing and working of a few dairy equipments |

MAPPING (CO/PSO):

| CO/PSO | PSO1 | PSO2 | PSO3 | PSO4 | PSO5 |
|---------|------|------|------|------|------|
| CO1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO5 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Average | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |

| Title of the Course | | PROCESSING TECHNOLOGY OF DAIRY AND SEA FOOD PRACTICAL | | | | |
|---------------------|----------|---|-------|-------|----------|-------|
| PART III | Year | Credits | Hours | Marks | | |
| | III | | | CIA | External | Total |
| | Semester | | | | | |
| Core Course 15 | VI | 1 | 3 | 40 | 60 | 100 |

1. To perform platform tests in milk.(Acidity, COB, MBRT, specific gravity, SNF)
2. To estimate milk protein by Folin method.
3. To estimate milk fat by Gerber method.
4. Preparation of flavoured milk/. Pasteurization of milk
5. To prepare casein and calculate its yield.
6. Quality evaluation of fish/prawn.
7. Subjective evaluation of Fresh Fish.
8. Cut out examination of canned fish.(Sardine,Mackerel,Tuna)
9. Fish/Milk product formulation

| Title of the Course | | PROCESSING TECHNOLOGY OF MEAT, POULTRY AND EGGS | | | | |
|---------------------|----------|---|-------|-------|----------|-------|
| PART III | Year | Credits | Hours | Marks | | |
| | III | | | CIA | External | Total |
| | Semester | | | | | |
| Core Course 16 | VI | 2 | 5 | 25 | 75 | 100 |

Learning Objectives

To enable the students to:

- To understand meat quality and slaughter processes for meat animals and poultry.
- To understand the of concept and methods of processing and preservation of meat, poultry and eggs

UNIT I

Introduction

Livestock and poultry population in India, Development of meat and poultry industry in India and its need in nation's economy, Status of meat poultry and Eggs industry in India; Sources and composition and importance of meat, poultry and egg

UNIT II

Structure and composition of muscle, types, classification and composition of fish Pre-slaughter operations and slaughtering operations for animals and poultry. Dressing and evaluation of animal carcasses; Factors affecting post-mortem changes, properties and shelf life of meat; Mechanical deboning, grading and aging; Eating and cooking quality of meat.

UNIT III

Preservation of meat and poultry by chilling, freezing, pickling, curing, cooking and smoking, canning, dehydration, radiation, chemical and biological preservatives.

Novel methods: Low dose irradiation; High pressure treatment, hurdle barrier concept for- meat and poultry

Meat tenderization; Meat emulsions

UNIT IV

Meat cutting and handling; Preparation, preservation and equipment for manufacture of smoked meat and its quality evaluation

Preparation, packaging and equipment for manufacture of dehydrated meat products and their quality evaluation;

Preparation, preservation and equipment for manufacture of meat sausages and their quality evaluation;

Problems on mass balancing of ingredients in formulation of value added meat products;

UNIT V

Eggs

Structure, quality characteristics, processing, preservation of eggs

Factors affecting egg quality and measures of egg quality, utilization of by products

Safety standards in meat/ poultry/eggs industry: HACCP/ISO/MFPO/FSSAI/

REFERENCES

1. Lawrie, R. A. (1998). *Lawrie's meat science*. 5th ed. England: Woodhead Publishing Ltd.
2. Stadelman, W. J., Newkirk, D., & Newby, L. (2002). *Egg science and technology*. 4th ed. New Delhi: CBS Publication.
3. Parkhurst, C., & Mountney, G. J. (1997). *Poultry meat and egg production*. New Delhi: CBS Publishers.
4. Pearson, A. M., & Gillett, T. A. (1997). *Processed meats*. 3rd ed. New Delhi: CBS Publication.
5. Shai, Barbut. (2005). *Poultry Products Processing*. CRC Press.

On completion of this course, students will be able to

| CO | Course Outcomes |
|------------|--|
| CO1 | Understand the need and importance of meat, eggs and poultry industry |
| CO2 | Understand the concept and methods of processing and preservation of animal foods. |
| CO3 | Understand the technology behind preparation of various animal food products |
| CO4 | Understand egg production practices and egg preservation methods |
| CO5 | Understand factors affecting egg quality and measures of egg quality |

MAPPING (CO/PSO):

| CO/PSO | PSO1 | PSO2 | PSO3 | PSO4 | PSO5 |
|----------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| CO1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO5 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Average | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |

| Title of the Course | | FOOD SAFETY AND QUALITY | | | | |
|---------------------|----------|-------------------------|-------|-------|----------|-------|
| PART III | Year | Credits | Hours | Marks | | |
| | III | | | CIA | External | Total |
| | Semester | | | | | |
| Elective Course 2 | VI | 3 | 4 | 25 | 75 | 100 |

Learning Objectives

To enable the students to:

- To understand the concept of safe food and types of hazards associated with food.
- To control the potential threats to safety of food.

UNIT I

Food Safety

Definition of safe food, .mode of entry of hazards in food

Types of hazards, Factors affecting Food Safety

Importance of Safe Foods, Role of communication and training in food safety

UNIT II

Food Laws and Standards

Introduction to Standards, Specifications and limits

National Food Regulation-FSSAI, AGMARK, BIS, FPO, Weights and Measures Act and CODEX

International regulatory scenario and role of organizations - Codex, WHO, FAO

UNIT III

Quality attributes

Physical properties: Color, visocisity, size and shape:

Definition, color measurement techniques by spectrophotometer, Muncell color system and Lovibond tintometer; Role of viscosity and consistency in food quality
:Size and Shape :Size and shape, weight, volume, weight volume ratio, length, width, diameter, symmetry, curvature, area;

UNIT IV

Quality Defects : Classification, Genetic-physiological defects: Structural, off color, character; Entomological defects: Holes, scars, lesions, off coloring, curled aves, pathological defects; Mechanical defects, extraneous or foreign material defects. Measurement of defects by different techniques

UNIT V

Quality Assessment:

Quality assessment of food materials on the basis of sensory evaluation, Physical, chemical microbiological methods ;

Quality of products during processing and after processing:

Factors influencing the food qualities: Soil, field practices, harvesting practices, procedures, packaging, transportation, storage, conditions, processing conditions, packaging and storage conditions of finished products.

REFERENCES

1. Forsythe, S.J. (2010). *The Microbiology of Safe Food*, 2nd edition. UK: Willey-Blackwell.
2. Lawley, R., Curtis L. and Davis, J. (2012) *The Food Safety Hazard Guidebook*. London: RSC.
3. Mathur, P. (2018). *Food Safety and Quality Control*. Hyderabad: Orient BlackSwan Pvt.Ltd.,
4. Blackburn, C.D.W. and McClure, P.J. (2005). *Food borne pathogens. Hazards, risk analysis & control*. Washington, US: CRC Press.
5. De Vries. (1997). *Food Safety and Toxicity*. New York: CRC.
6. Marriott, Norman G. (1985). *Principles of Food Sanitation*. New York: AVI.
Mortimore S. and Wallace C. (1995). *HACCP-A Practical Approach*. London: Chapman and Hill

On completion of this course, students will be able to

| CO | Course Outcomes |
|------------|--|
| CO1 | Understand the concept of food safety, types of hazards and their control measures |
| CO2 | Identify and prevent potential sources of food contamination |
| CO3 | Comprehend the need of hygiene and sanitation for ensuring food safety |
| CO4 | Knowledge of Food Safety Management tools |
| CO5 | Practical knowledge to detect and quantify microorganisms from various routes of contamination of food |

MAPPING (CO/PSO):

| CO/PSO | PSO1 | PSO2 | PSO3 | PSO4 | PSO5 |
|----------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| CO1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO5 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Average | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |

| Title of the Course | | MARKETING MANAGEMENT | | | | |
|---------------------|----------|----------------------|-------|-------|----------|-------|
| PART III | Year | Credits | Hours | Marks | | |
| | III | | | CIA | External | Total |
| | Semester | | | | | |
| Elective Course 3 | VI | 3 | 4 | 25 | 75 | 100 |

Learning Objectives

To enable the students to:

- To develop an insight of marketing management.
- To gain knowledge and acquired skills for setting up an enterprise and its management.

UNIT I

Concept of marketing, functions of marketing

Concepts of marketing management, scope of marketing management

Marketing management process, Concepts of marketing- mix, elements of marketing- mix,

Concept of market structure, Marketing environment -Micro and macro environments

UNIT II

Consumers buying behaviour, consumerism

Marketing opportunities analysis: marketing research and marketing information systems.

Market measurement- present and future demand, market forecasting

Market segmentation, targeting and positioning

Allocation and marketing resources

UNIT III

Marketing planning process

Product policy and planning : product-mix, product line, product life

Cycle, New product development process ,Product brand, packaging, services decisions,

Marketing channel decisions. Retailing, wholesaling and distribution.

UNIT IV

Pricing decisions

Price determination and pricing policy of milk products in organized and unorganized sectors of dairy industry. Promotion-mix decisions.

Advertising, how advertising works, deciding advertising objectives

Advertising budget ,Advertising message, media planning, personal selling, publicity, sales promotion

International marketing and international trade, salient features of international marketing

UNIT V

Exports- direct exports, indirect exports, Licensing, Joint ventures, Direct investment

Export trends and prospects of food products in India

Government institutions related to international food trade: APEDA,

Tea Board, Spice Board, MOFPI, etc.

WTO and world trade agreements related to food business

REFERENCES

1. Acharya, S.S. & Agarwal, N.L. (1987) *Agricultural Marketing in India*. New Delhi: Oxford & ISH Publishing Co.
2. Kottler, P. (1994). *Marketing Management*. New Delhi: Prentice Hall of India Private Limited
3. Philip Kotler, Kevin Lane Keller, Abraham Koshy, Mithileshwar Jha. 2013. *Marketing Management: A South Asian Perspective*, 14th Ed. Pearson Education.
5. William J. Stanton. 1984. *Fundamentals of Marketing*. Tata McGraw-Hill Publication, New Delhi.
6. C.N. Sontakki. *Marketing Management*. Kalyani Publishers, New Delhi.
7. John Daniels, Lee Radebaugh, Brigham, Daniel Sullivan. *International Business*, 15th Ed., Pearson Education.
8. Aswathappa. *International Business*. Tata McGraw-Hill Education, New Delhi.
9. Francis Cherunilam. *International Business: Text and Cases*, 5th Ed. PHI Learning, New Delhi.

On completion of this course, students will be able to

| CO | Course Outcomes |
|-----|--|
| CO1 | Develop an insight of marketing function |
| CO2 | Understand the basics of market measurement |
| CO3 | Develop insight for different views of Fund raising. |
| CO4 | Understand the different support system for business development |
| CO5 | Gain knowledge and acquired skills for setting up an enterprise and its management |

MAPPING (CO/PSO):

| CO/PSO | PSO1 | PSO2 | PSO3 | PSO4 | PSO5 |
|---------|------|------|------|------|------|
| CO1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO5 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Average | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |

| Title of the Course | | BASICS IN RESEARCH METHODOLOGY | | | | |
|---------------------|----------|--------------------------------|-------|-------|----------|-------|
| PART IV | Year | Credits | Hours | Marks | | |
| | III | | | CIA | External | Total |
| | Semester | | | | | |
| SEC 6 | VI | 2 | 3 | 25 | 75 | 100 |

Learning Objectives

To enable the students to:

- Gain a clear understanding of basic concepts, approaches and methods in conducting research.
- Apply appropriate statistical techniques for data collection, analysis and interpretation in any given study in the field of nutrition and dietetics
- Develop skills to carry out a project and present a report. Acquire skills required in preparing a research proposal.

UNIT-I

Introduction to research

Research- Meaning, objectives, significance.

Research problem- Definition and selection of research problem. Research design –Types of research design

Method of sampling - probability and non-probability sampling – Merits and Demerits, Determining sample size, Deciding Variables

UNIT-II

Data Collection

Primary and secondary data, selection of appropriate method for data collection. Tools used for data collection- Questionnaire and Interview schedule.

UNIT-III

Coding and tabulation of data

Data entry and computation, Tabulation of data – parts of the table Presentation of data- use of bar graph and pie chart

UNIT-IV

Basic statistical tools for analysis and interpretation Measures of central tendency – Mean, Median, Mode definition, merits, demerits and basic application Measures of dispersion - range and standard deviation- definition, merits, demerits and basic application

Correlation –Karl Pearson's coefficient of correlation merits, demerits and basic application. Test of significance- Student's t test basic application.

UNIT-V

Report writing

Steps in report writing, Layout of a report. Bibliography-citing references-APA style.

REFERENCES

1. Anderson, David R and et.al. (2013): Statistics for Business and Economics. Delhi, Cengage Learning India Pvt Ltd. 11th Ed.
2. Bandarkar, P.L. and Wilkinson T.S. (2000): Methodology and Techniques of Social Research. Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai.
3. Bell, Judith (2005): Doing your Research Project – A guide for first time researchers in education, health and social science. England, Open

- University Press. 4th Ed.
4. Danial, Wayne W and Chad L Cross (2017): Biostatistics – Basic Concepts and Methodology for the Health Sciences – International Student Version. New Delhi, ArEmm International, 10th Ed.
 5. Ranjit Kumar (2011). Research Methodology: a step-by-step guide for beginners, SAGE Publications. 3rd edition.

E.learning resources

- <https://mfs.mkcl.org/images/ebook/Fundamental%20of%20Research%20Methodology%20and%20Statistic%20by%20Yogesh%20Kumar%20Singh.pdf>
- <https://www.statisticssolutions.com/research-methodology/>

On completion of this course, students will be able to

| CO | Course Outcomes |
|-----|--|
| CO1 | Demonstrate knowledge of the scientific method, purpose and approaches to research. |
| CO2 | Identify and select appropriate techniques to select samples and tools of measurement for the chosen research problem at hand |
| CO3 | Acquire skills in preparing a research proposal |
| CO4 | Conduct statistical analysis for the given data, interpret the results and depict findings with suitable use of tables and pictorial representations |
| CO5 | Present research data in a scientific manner and discuss the findings obtained. |

MAPPING(CO/PSO):

| CO/PSO | PSO1 | PSO2 | PSO3 | PSO4 | PSO5 |
|---------|------|------|------|------|------|
| CO1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO5 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Average | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |